

# H<sub>2</sub> in shocks models and UV excitation

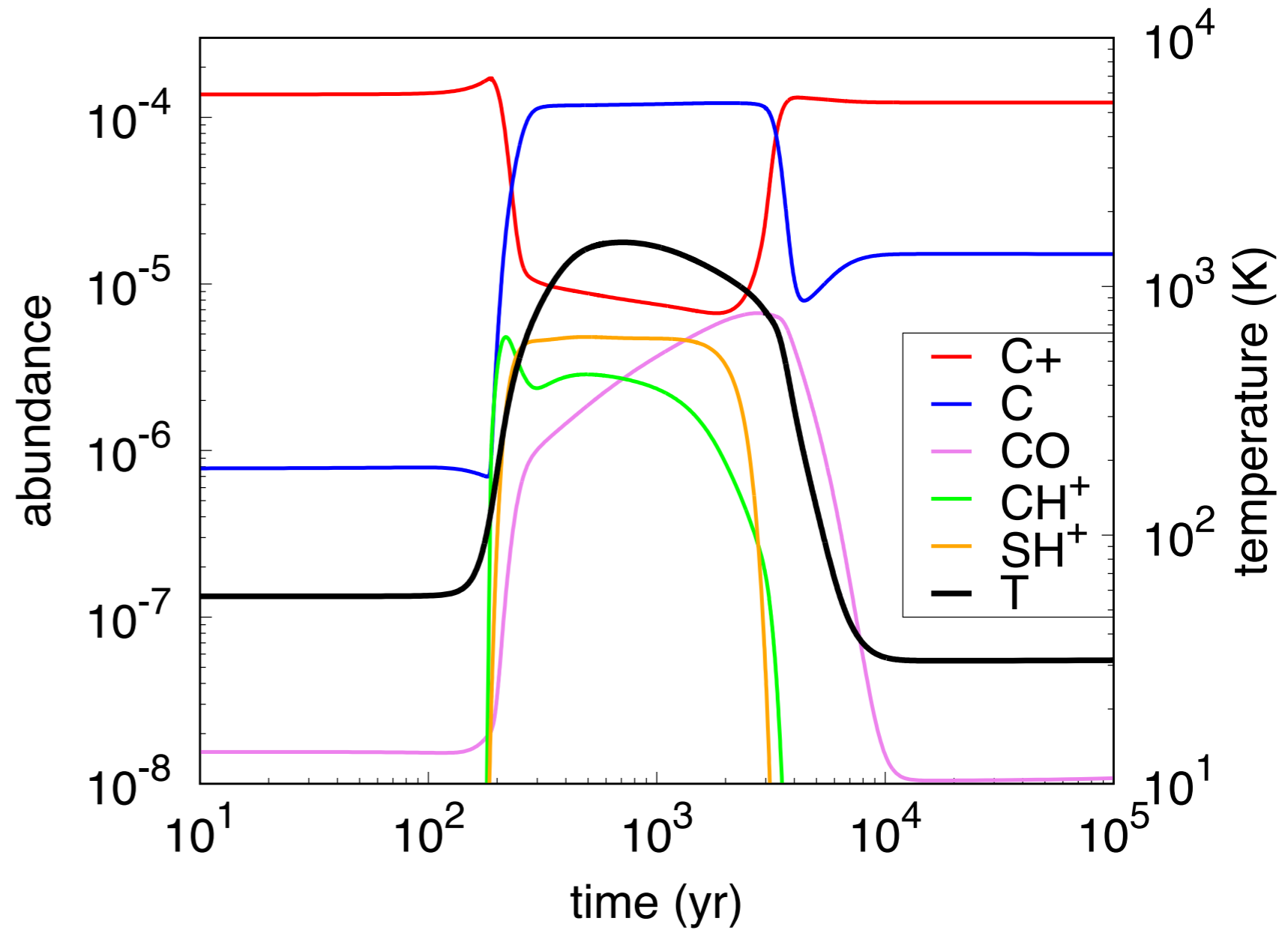
1. Paris-Durham shock code
2. Influence of H<sub>2</sub> on shocks
3. Influence of shocks on H<sub>2</sub>

# Paris-Durham shock model

input conditions

- wave velocity
- magnetic field
- density
- irradiation
- abundances

output - thermo-chemistry



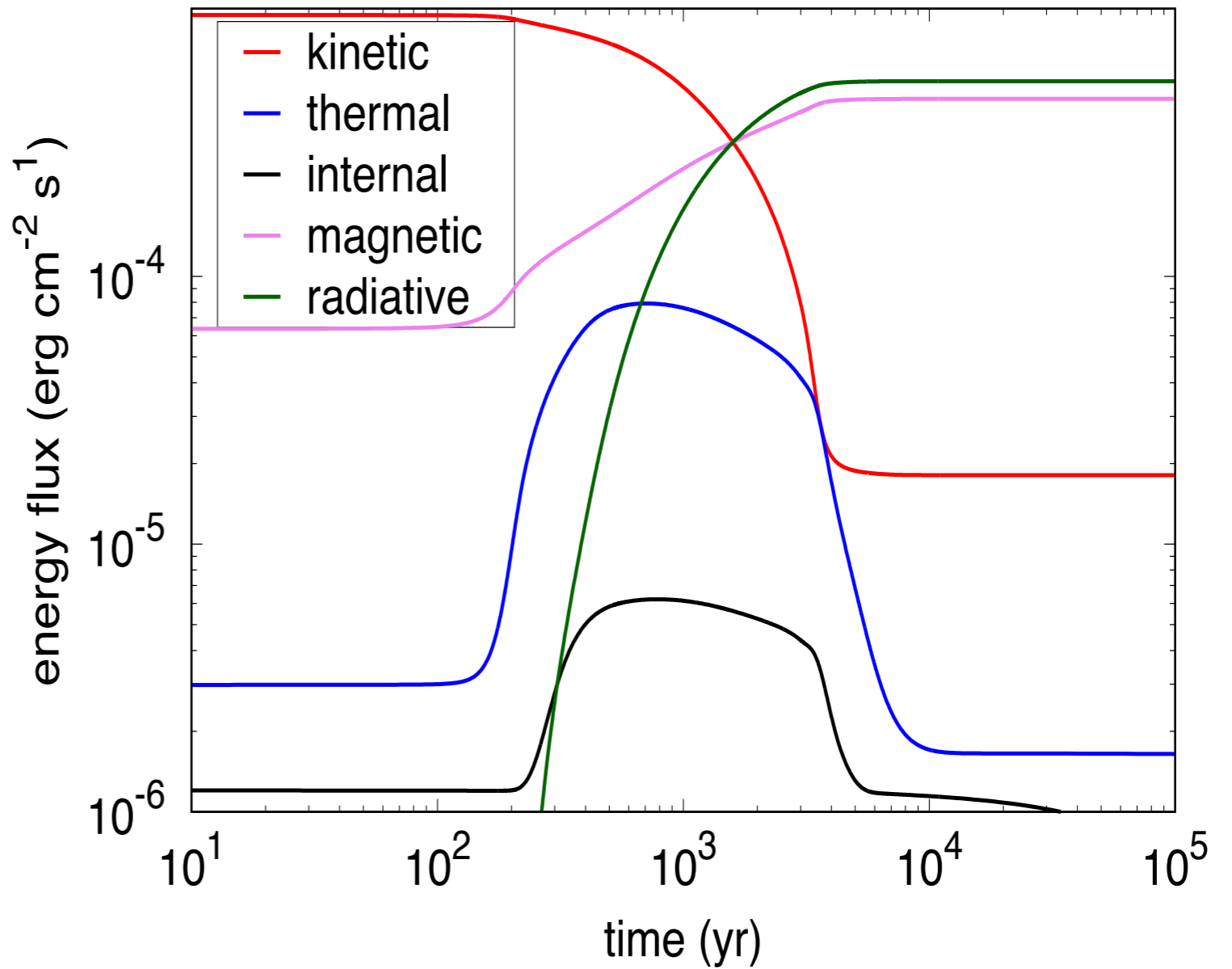
$$V_s = 20 \text{ km s}^{-1} \quad B = 20 \text{ } \mu\text{G}$$
$$n_H = 10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3} \quad G_0 = 1, \quad A_V = 0.1$$

# Paris-Durham shock model

input conditions

- wave velocity
- magnetic field
- density
- irradiation
- abundances

output - energy conversion



$$\begin{aligned} V_S &= 20 \text{ km s}^{-1} & B &= 20 \text{ } \mu\text{G} \\ n_H &= 10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3} & G_0 &= 1, \quad A_V = 0.1 \end{aligned}$$

# Paris-Durham shock model

## different versions

- LVG transfer (Flower et al. 2010)
- dust dynamics (Anderl et al. 2013)
- illuminated shocks (Lesaffre et al. 2013)
- ✓ down/up stream rad :  $G_0$ ,  $A_V$
- ✓  $H_2$  and CO self shielding
- ✓ photoelectric effect

## state-of-the-art

- 1, 2, 3 fluids
- J-type and C-type shocks
- $n_H < 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- $V_S < 40 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
- adsorption / sputtering / desorption from mantles
- $G_0 < 10^4$

# Paris-Durham shock model

## treatments of H<sub>2</sub>

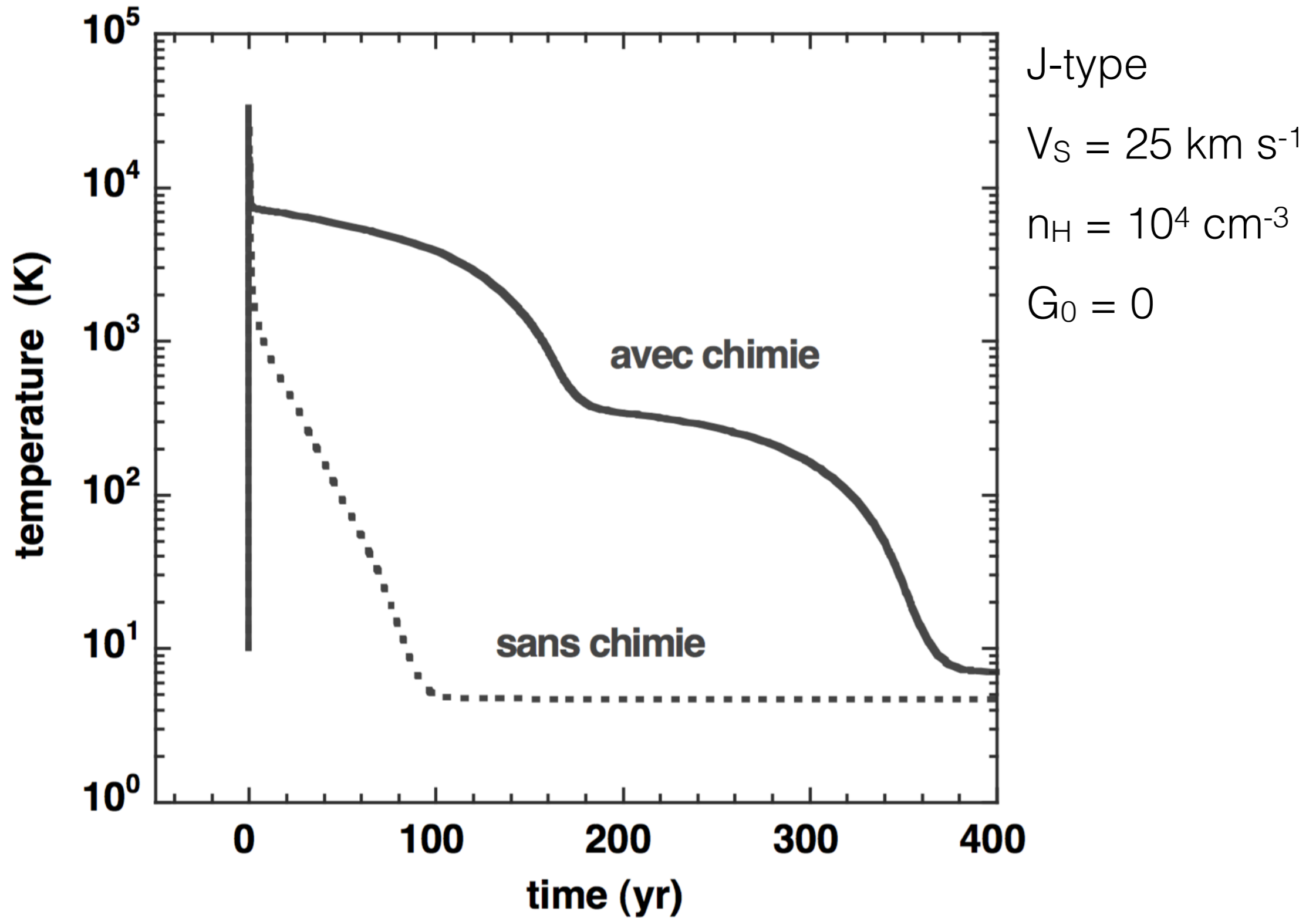
- formation on grains
  - ✓ simplistic prescription
  - ✓  $k \propto n_{\text{H}} n_{\text{G}} S_{\text{H}} \nu_{\text{col}}$
- excitation
  - ✓ formation
  - ✓ collisions (H, H<sub>2</sub>, He, H<sup>+</sup>)
  - ✓ spontaneous decay

## recent improvements

- H<sub>2</sub> electronic lines
- coupling with UV
- cascade mechanism  
from PDR code (Le Petit et al. 2006)
- FGK transfer (Federman et al. 1979)

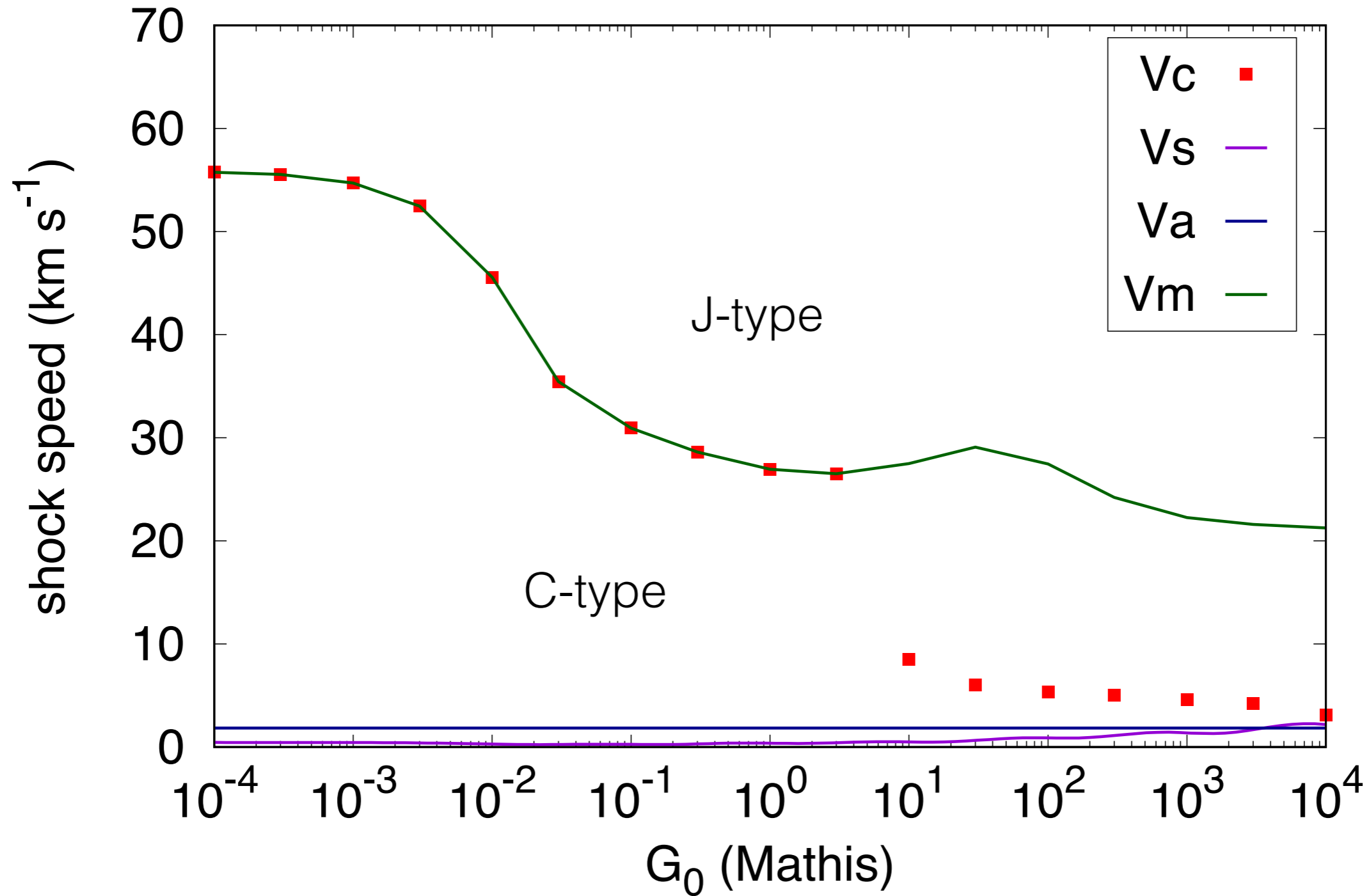
Influence of H<sub>2</sub> on shocks

# Influence of H2 on shocks



# Influence of H<sub>2</sub> on shocks

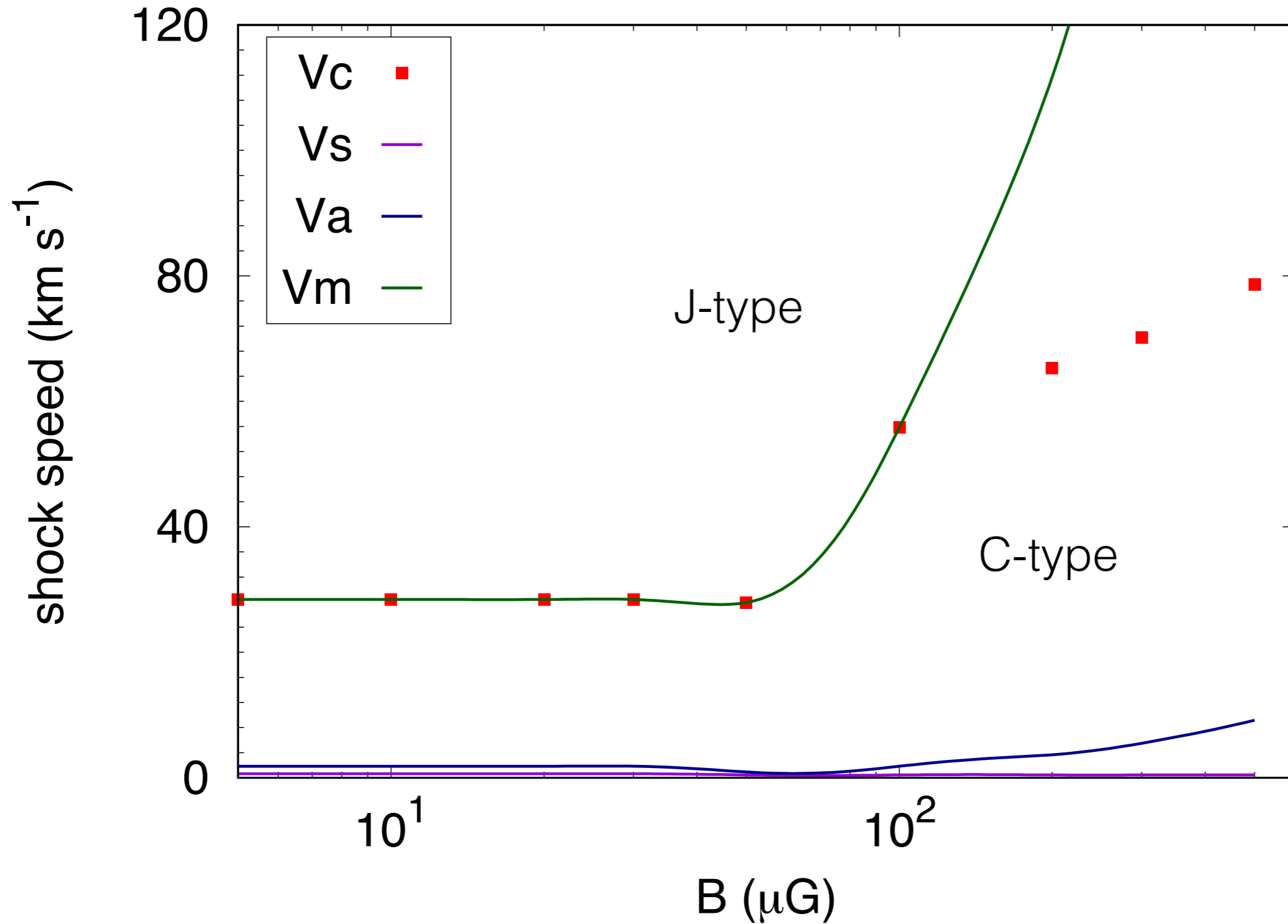
$$n_H = 10^4, b = 1$$





# Influence of H<sub>2</sub> on shocks

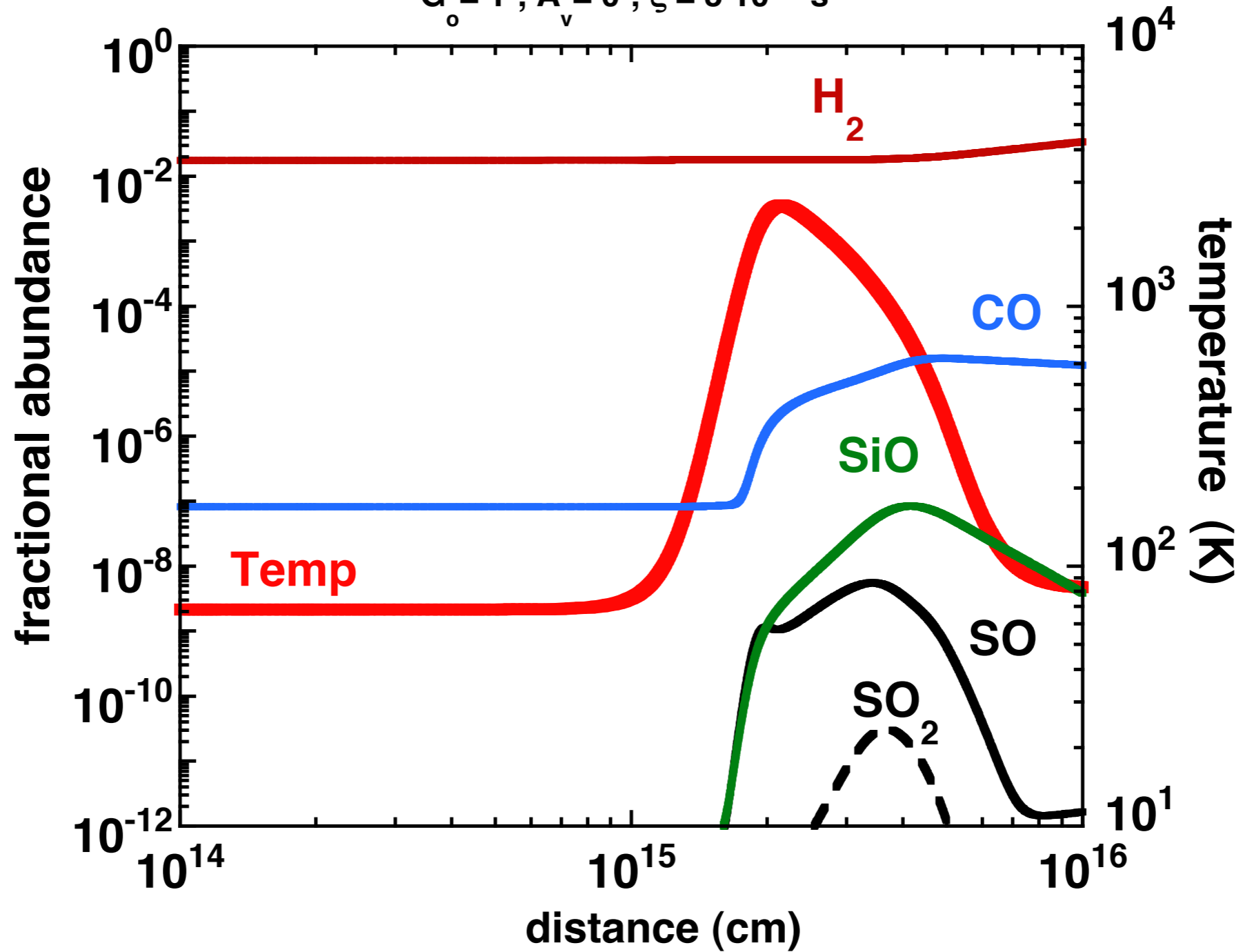
$n_H = 10^4, G_0 = 0$



# Influence of H<sub>2</sub> on shocks

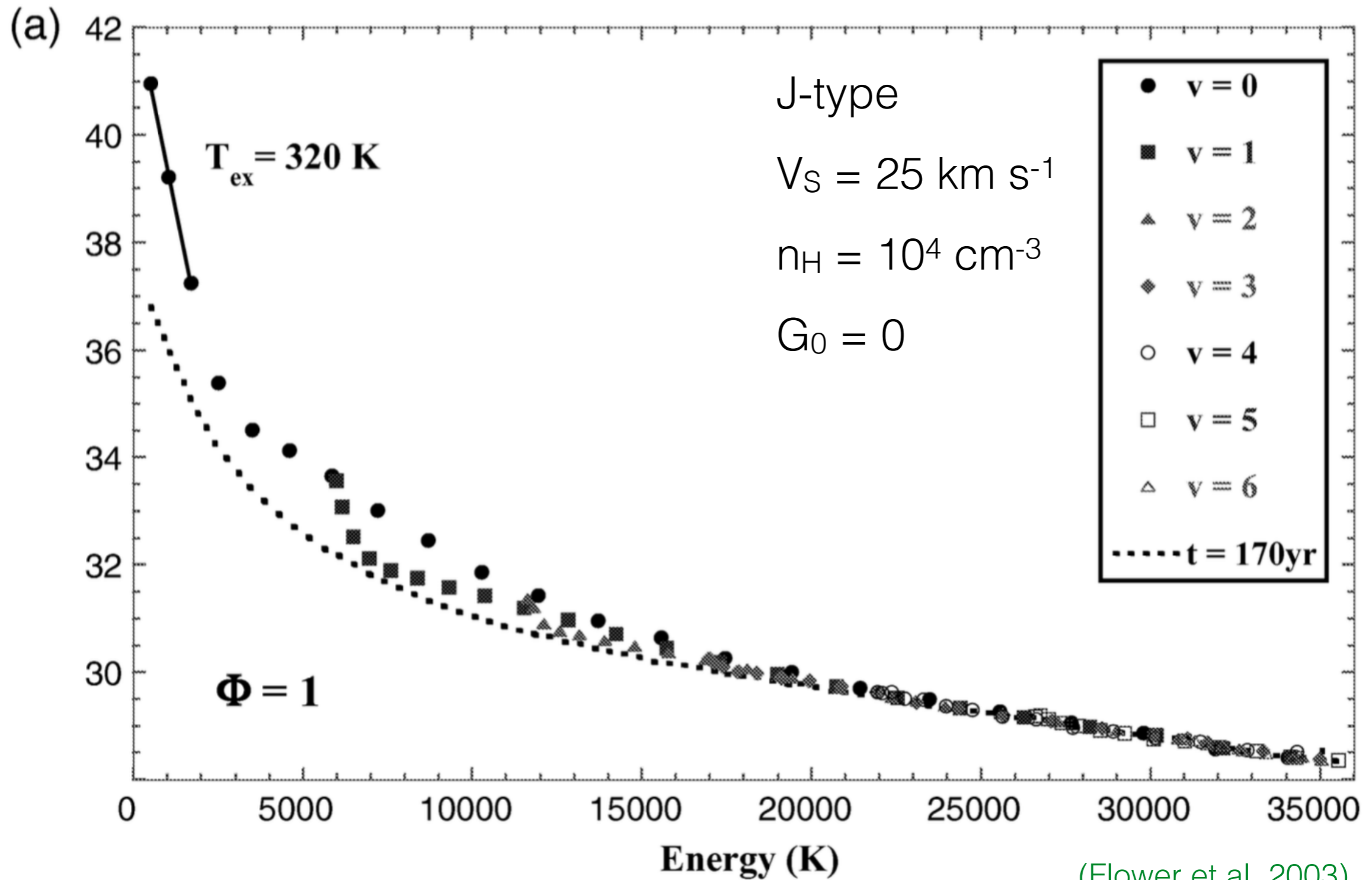
C-shock :  $v_s = 20$  km/s ;  $n_H = 10^4$  cm<sup>-3</sup> ;  $b = 4$

$G_o = 1$  ;  $A_v = 0$  ;  $\zeta = 3 \cdot 10^{-16}$  s<sup>-1</sup>



Influence of shocks on H<sub>2</sub>

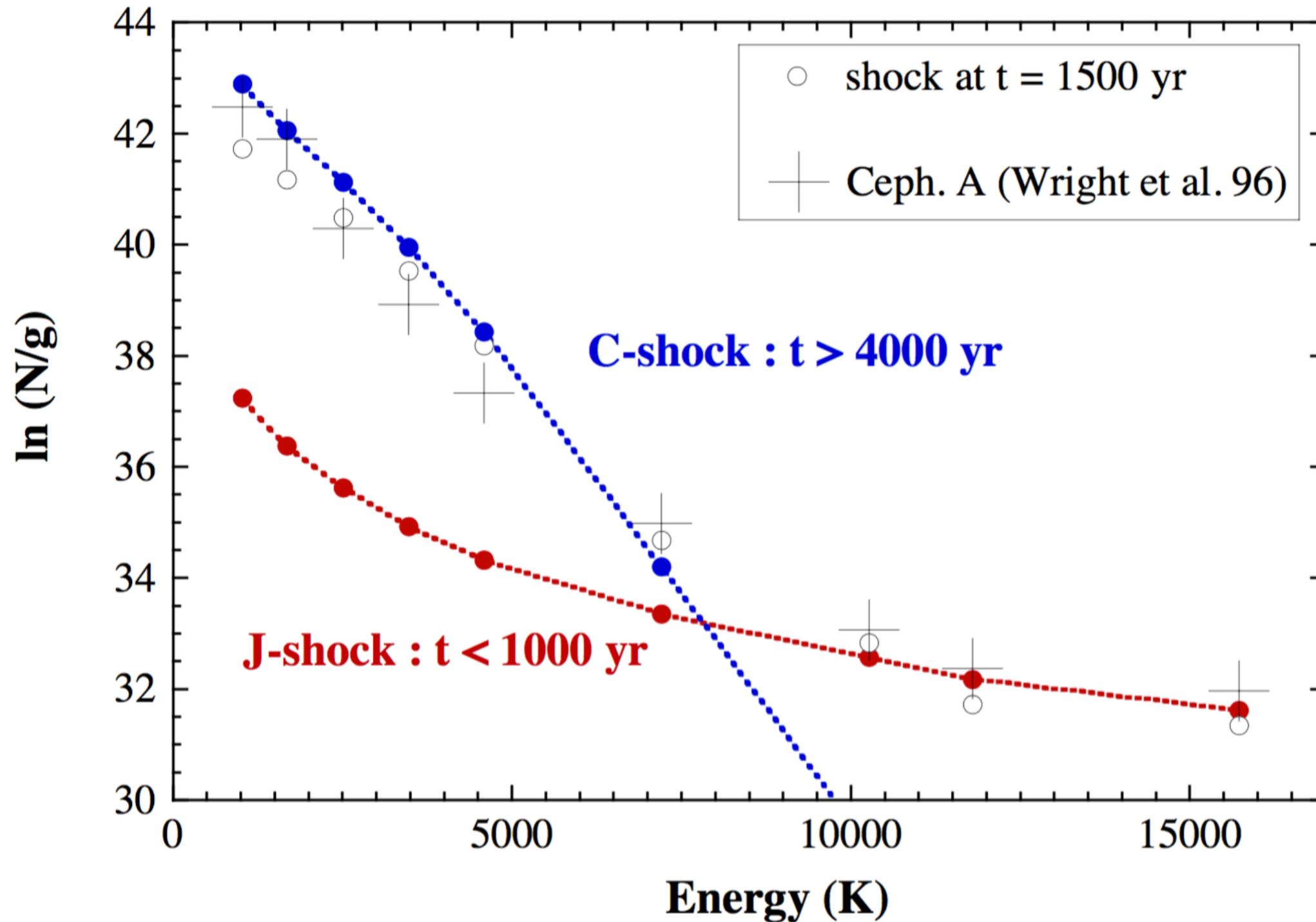
# Influence of shocks on H2



(Flower et al. 2003)

# Influence of shocks on H2

Shock model :  $v_s = 25 \text{ km s}^{-1}$  ;  $n_H = 10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3}$  ;  $B_0 = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{G}$



# Ongoing investigations & future developments

## Ongoing investigations

- Impact of UV excitation of H<sub>2</sub> on
  - ✓ the shock dynamics
  - ✓ H<sub>2</sub> emission (and other tracers)
- Formation and excitation of species in irradiated shocks, with low  $f(\text{H}_2)$
- Application to observations

# Ongoing investigations & future developments

## Future developments

- shocks with radiative precursors
- improved formation of H<sub>2</sub>
  - ✓ ER and LH
  - ✓ impact of dust distribution
  - ✓ more accurate timescales
- improved dust treatments