

Gravitational-wave Paleontology



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University of Birmingham



ESRF

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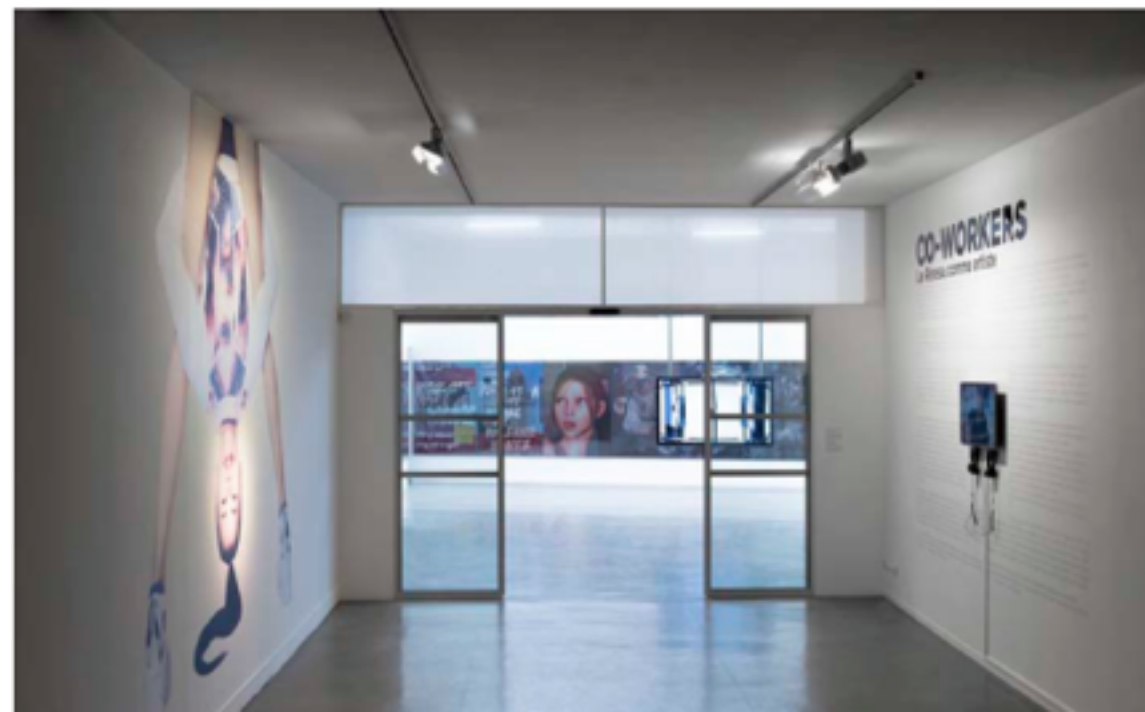


The inverse problem of gravitational-wave astrophysics:
how to go from a population of observed sources to
understanding key uncertainties about binary evolution?

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how to go from a population of observed sources to
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This Show in Paris Signals the Death of Binaries



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Alejandro Vigna Gómez




Simon Stevenson



Jim Barrett

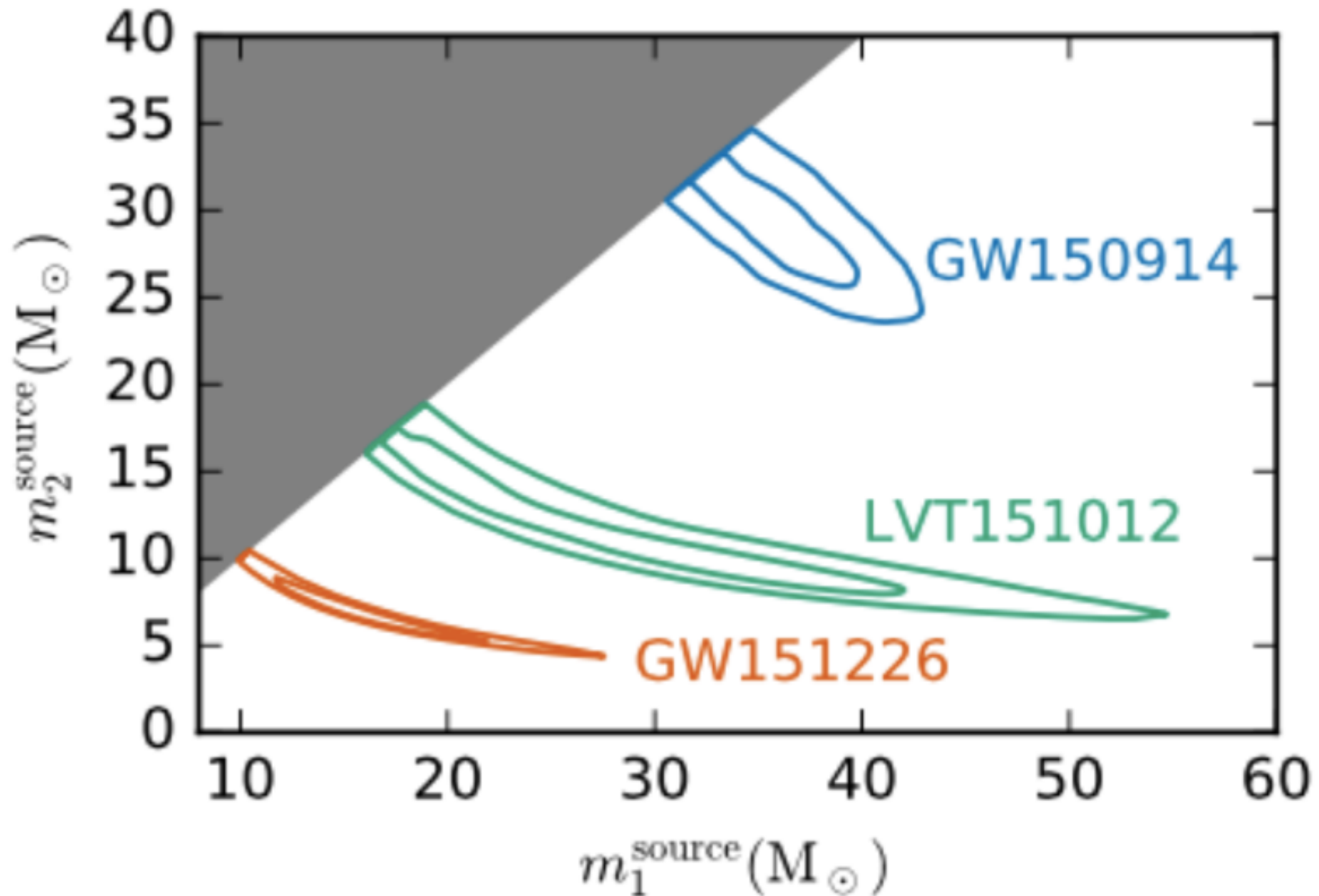
Key collaborators / advisors: Christopher Berry, Will Farr, Selma de Mink, Natasha Ivanova, Vicky Kalogera, Chris Belczynski, Gijs Nelemans, Philipp Podsiadlowski... **YOUR NAME COULD BE HERE!**

C O M P A S



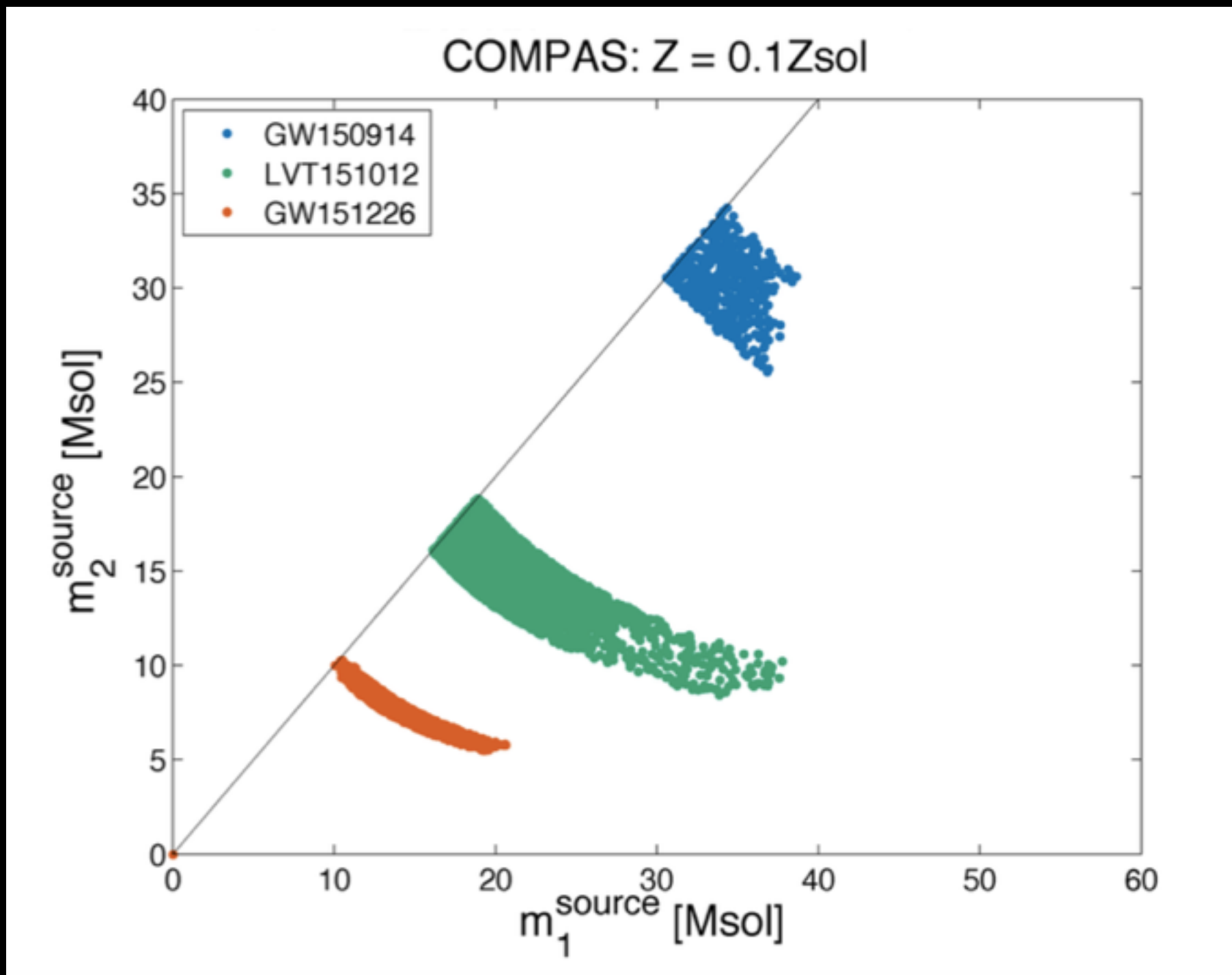
- Key questions:
 - What are the robust predictions we can use to test the theory?
 - What combinations of hyper-parameters are measurable from observations?
 - How many observations do we need to make progress?
- Key tools:
 - Plug and play population synthesis code developed with astrostatistics in mind
 - Interpolation tools
 - Population reconstruction and inference tools
 - Clustering tools

Population Synthesis

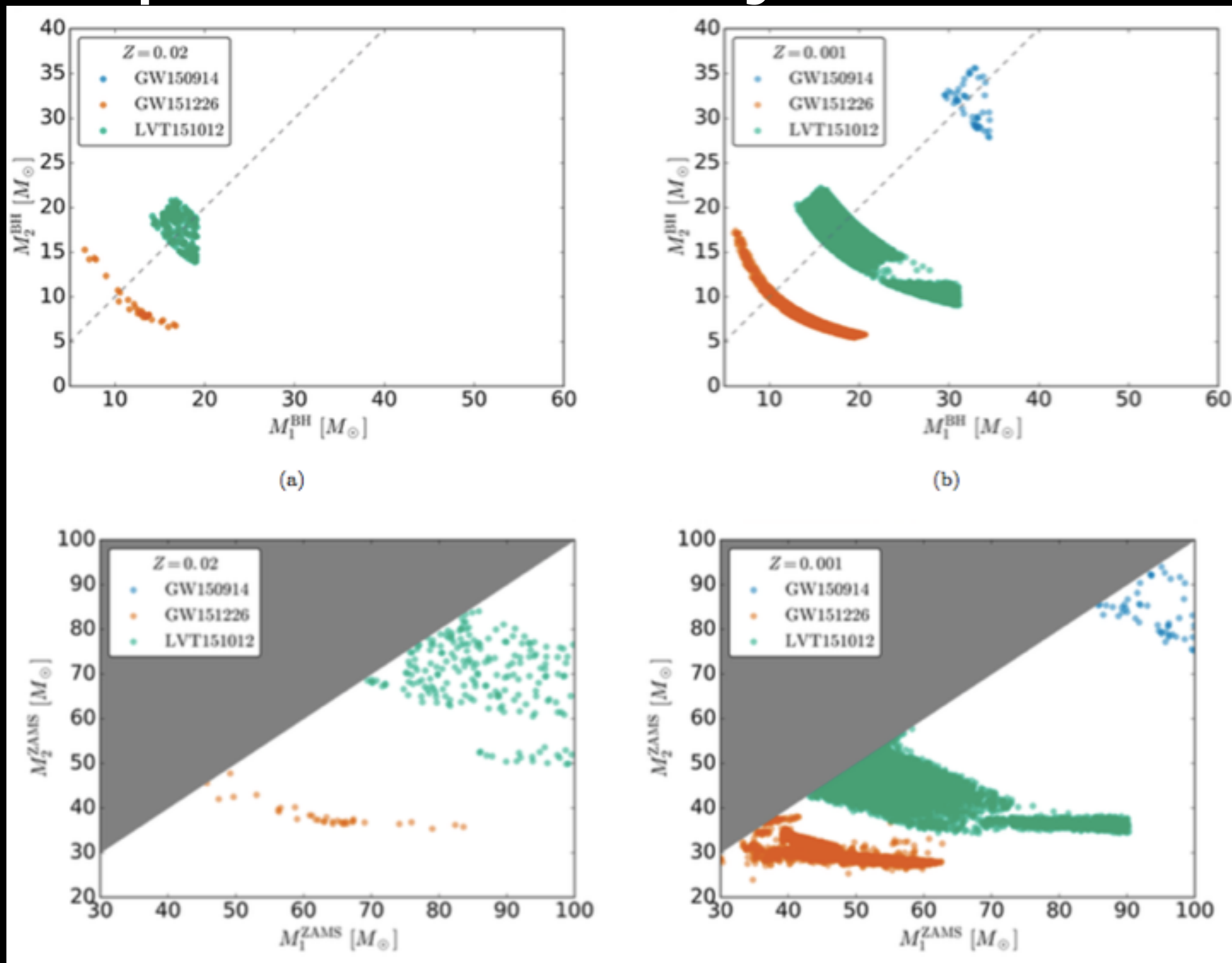


Abbott+ (LVC), 2016

Population Synthesis



Population Synthesis

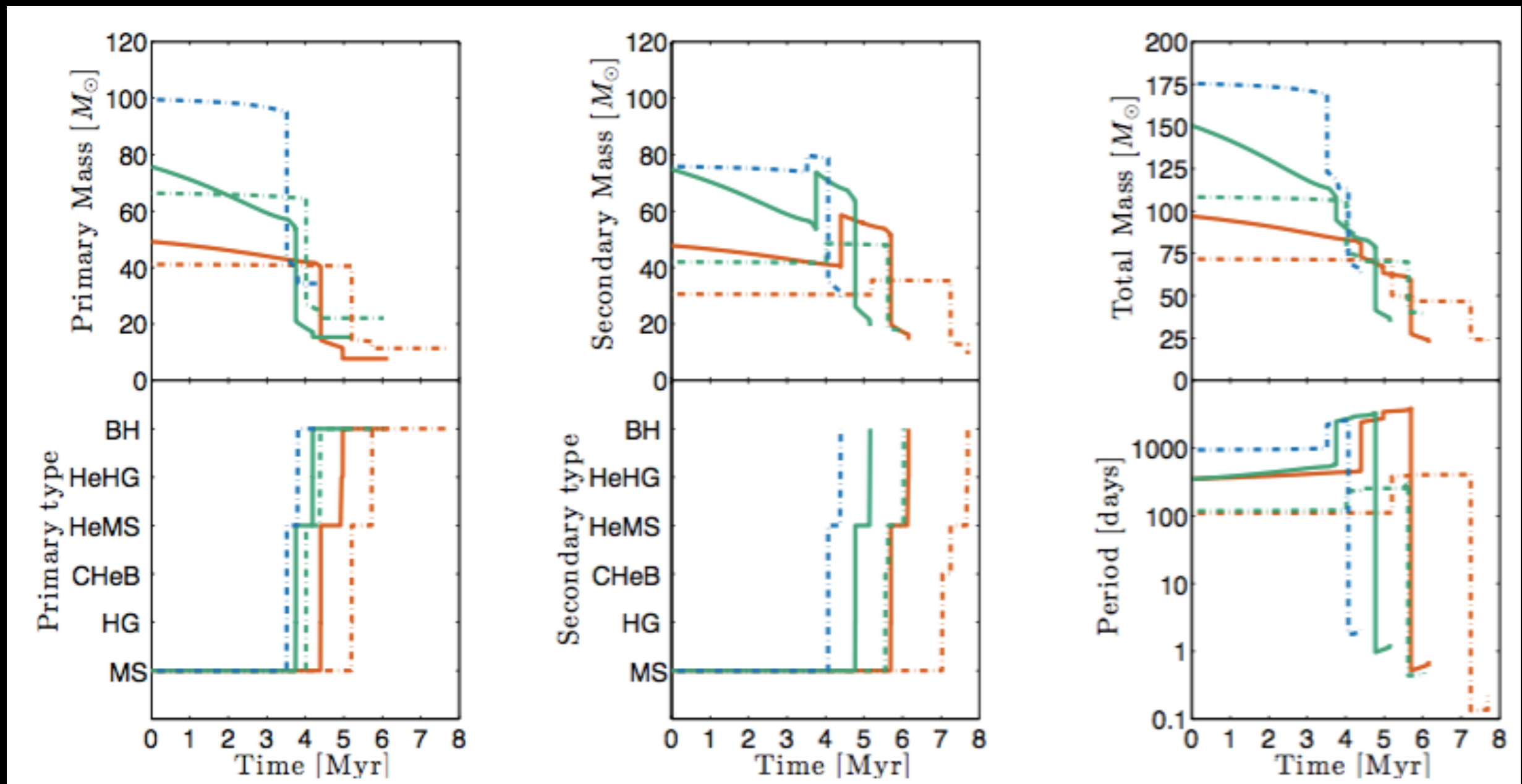


Population Synthesis



Time (Myr)	Mass 1 (M_{\odot})			Mass 2 (M_{\odot})	$a(R_{\odot})$
0.0	MS 49.2				MS 47.8 963.2
4.3953	HG 40.4				MS 40.2 1158.8
4.3986	HG 40.4				MS 40.1 1160.1
4.3989	HeMS14.3				MS 58.6 3483.6
4.9439	HeHG11.7				MS 55.9 3762.1
4.9722	BH 7.7				MS 55.7 4393.0
5.6924	BH 7.7				HG 51.4 4716.8
5.6966	BH 7.7				CHeB50.9 4758.8
5.6969	BH 7.7				HeMS19.8 12.4
6.148	BH 7.7				HeHG16.2 14.3
6.1556	BH 7.7				BH 14.3 15.5

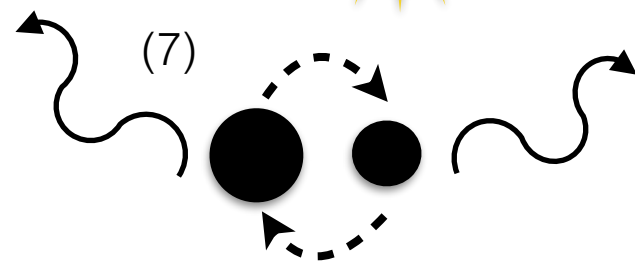
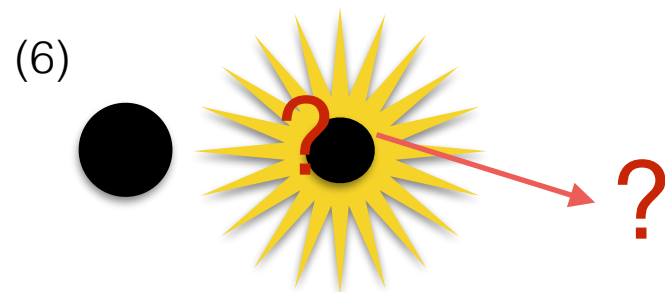
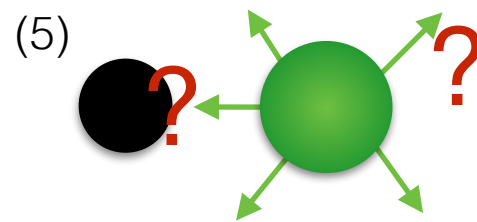
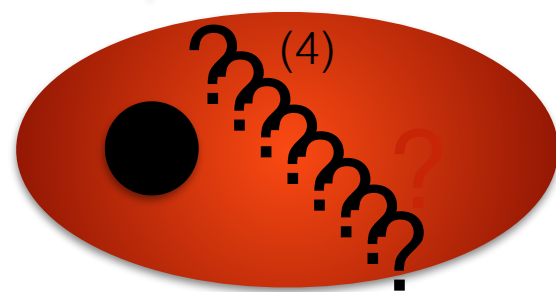
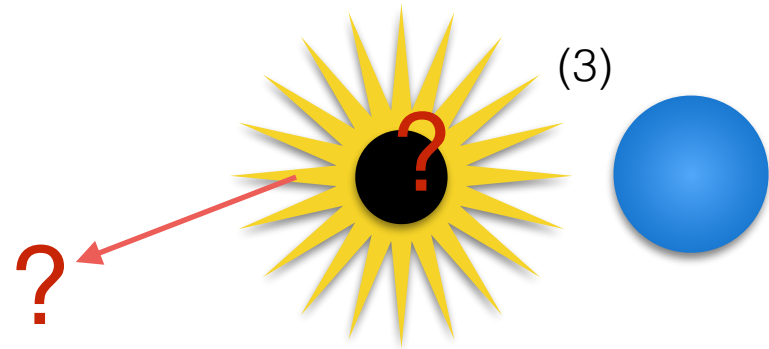
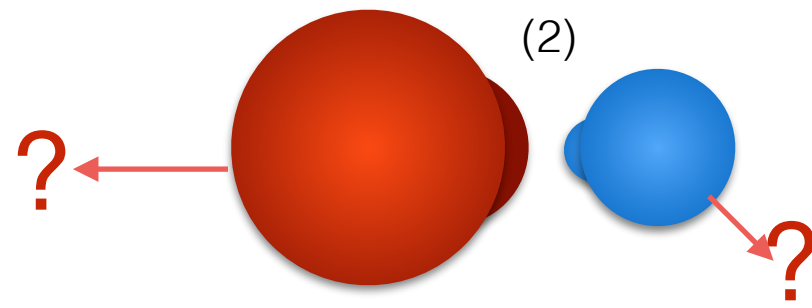
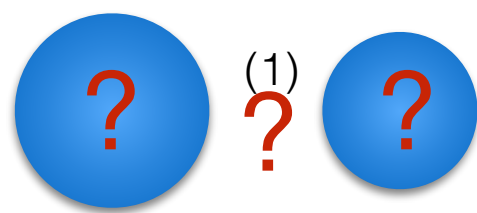
Population Synthesis



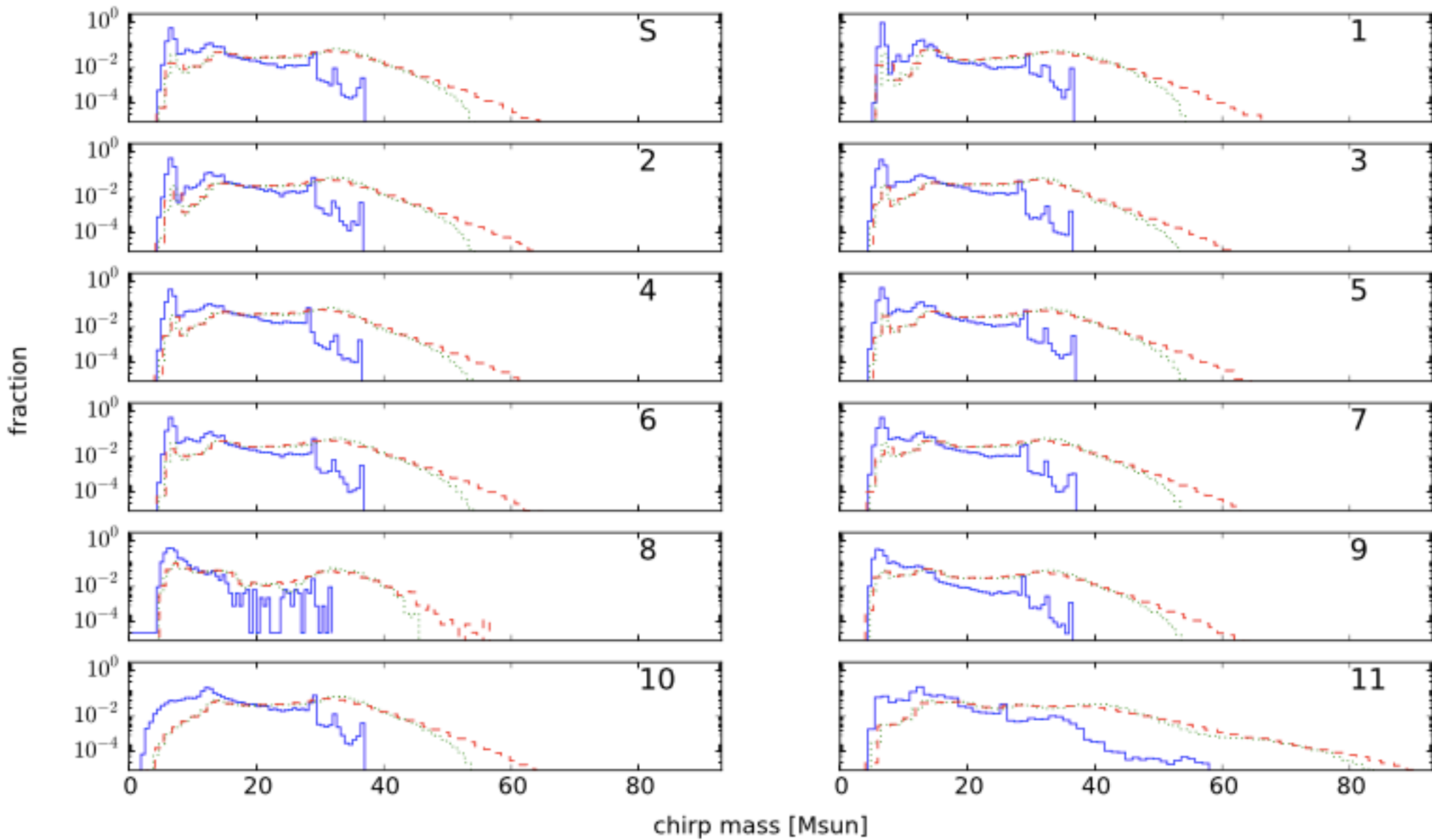
Interpolation



Time (Myr)	Mass 1 (M_{\odot})			Mass 2 (M_{\odot})	$a(R_{\odot})$
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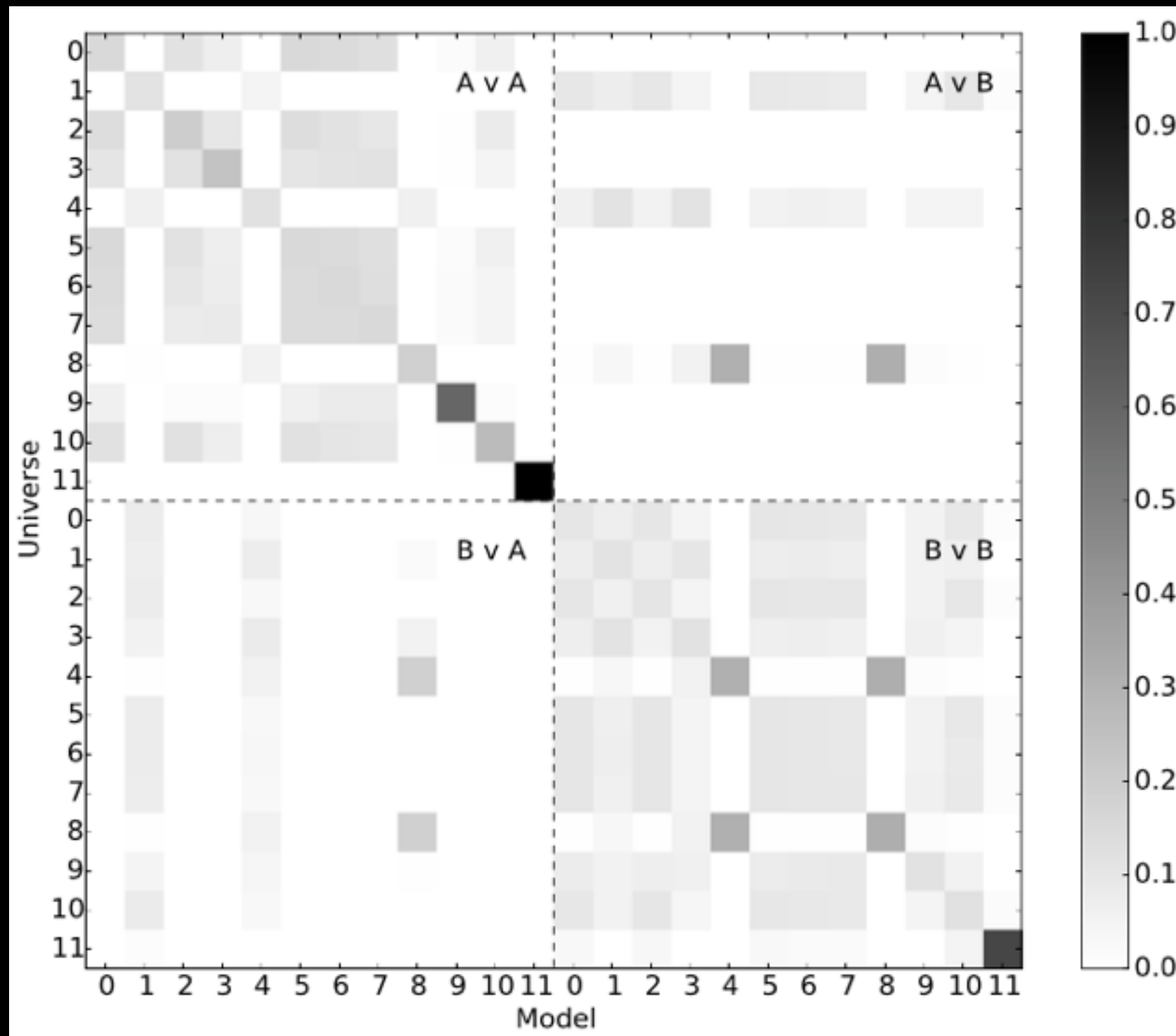


Interpolation

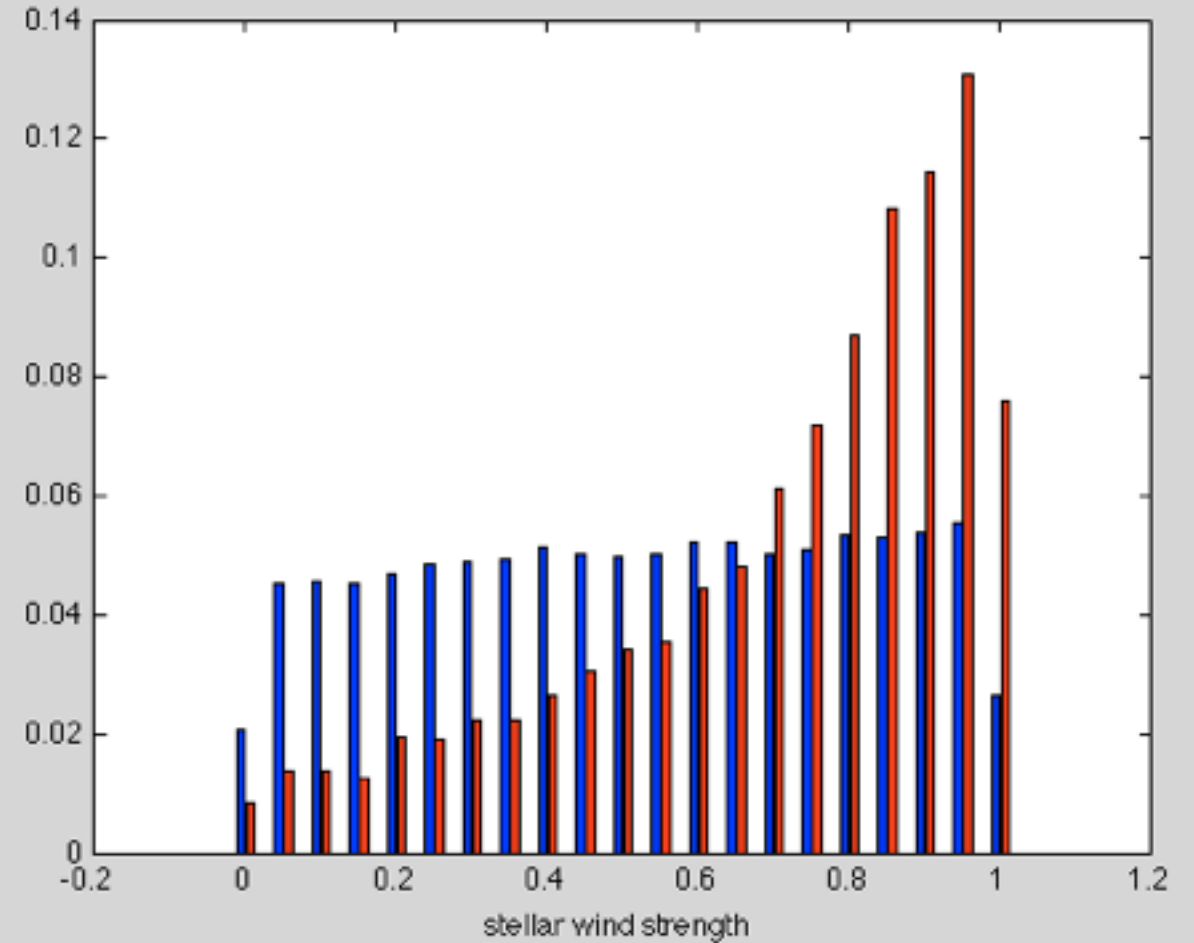
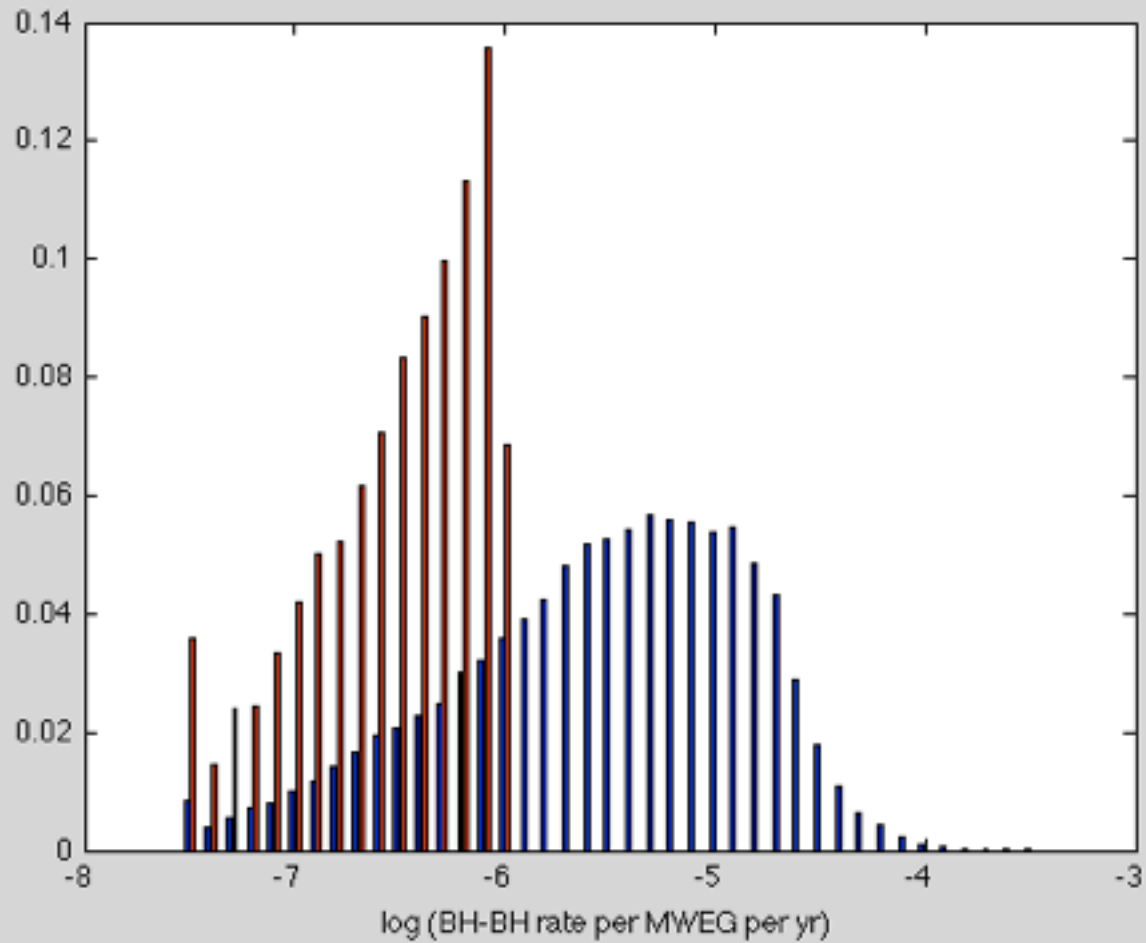


Stevenson+ 2015, from Dominik+ 2012

Interpolation

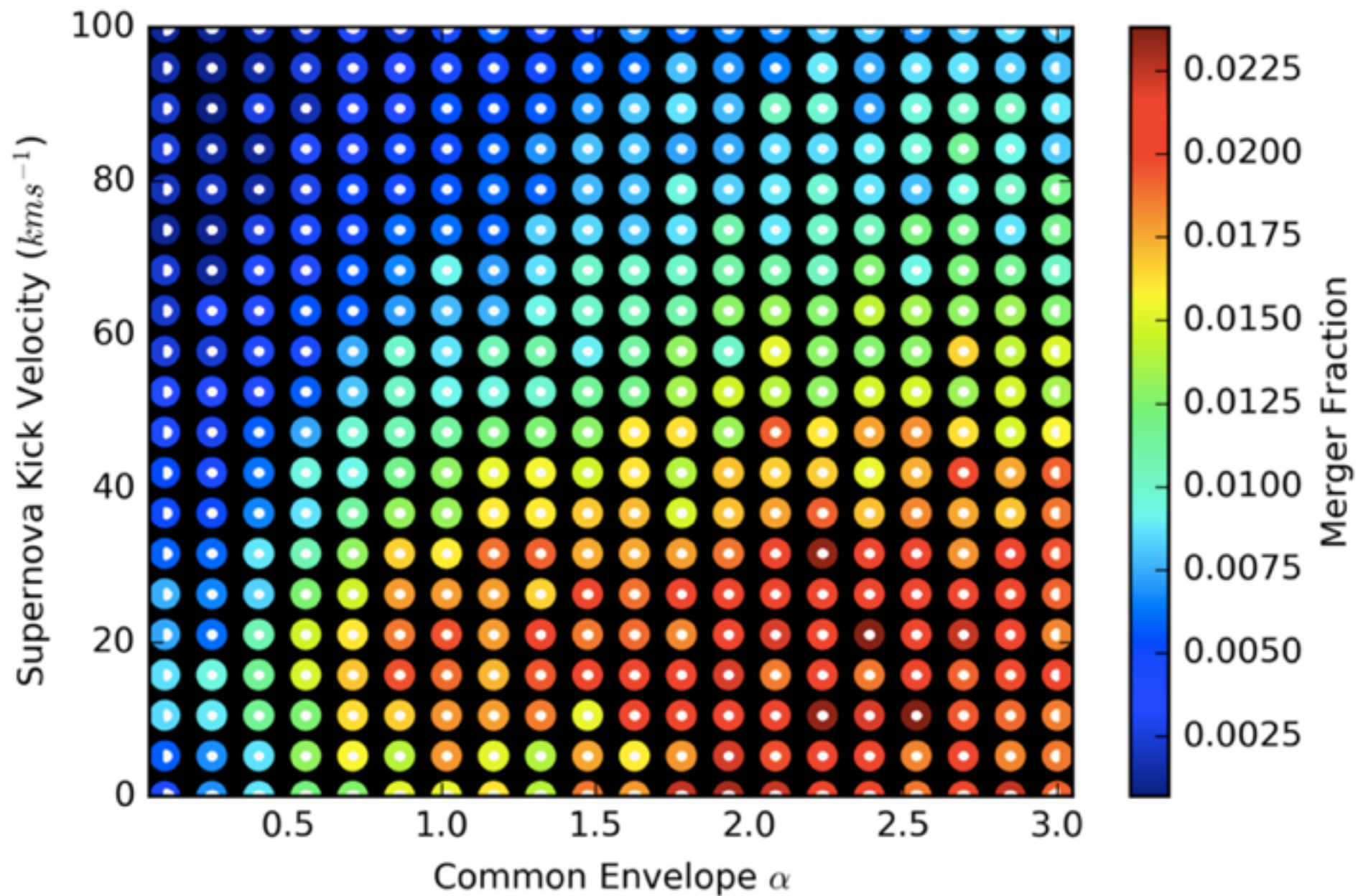


Interpolation



Mandel & O'Shaughnessy, 2010

Interpolation



Population Reconstruction



- Selection effects and measurement uncertainty

$$p(\{\vec{d}^{(i)}\}|\vec{\lambda}) = \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{\int d\vec{\theta} p(\vec{d}^{(i)}|\vec{\theta}) p_{\text{pop}}(\vec{\theta}|\vec{\lambda})}{\int d\vec{\theta} p_{\text{det}}(\theta) p_{\text{pop}}(\vec{\theta}|\vec{\lambda})}$$

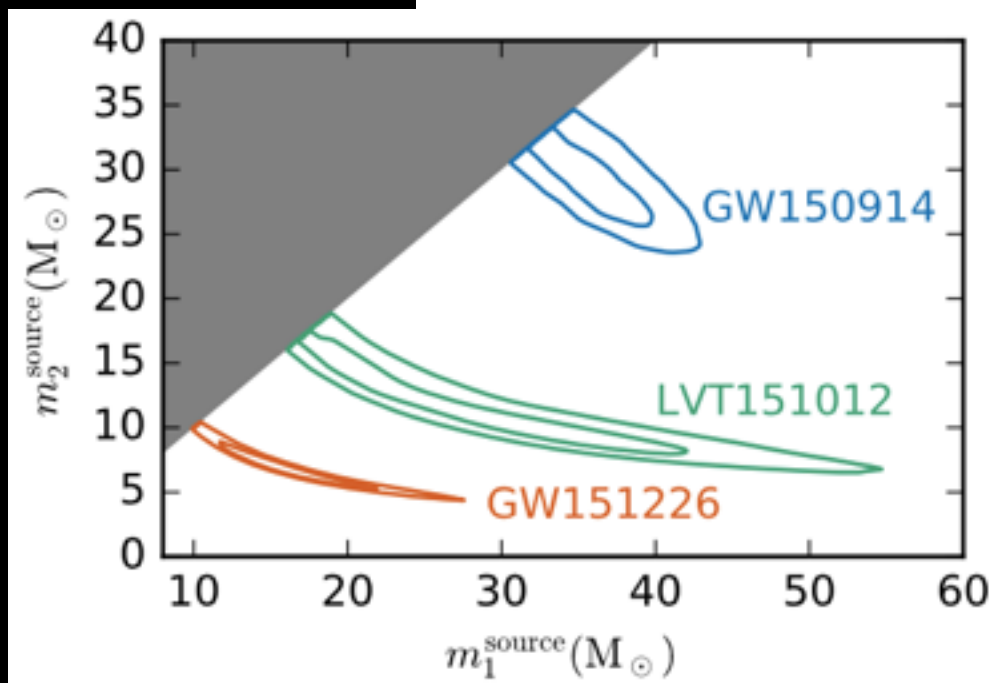
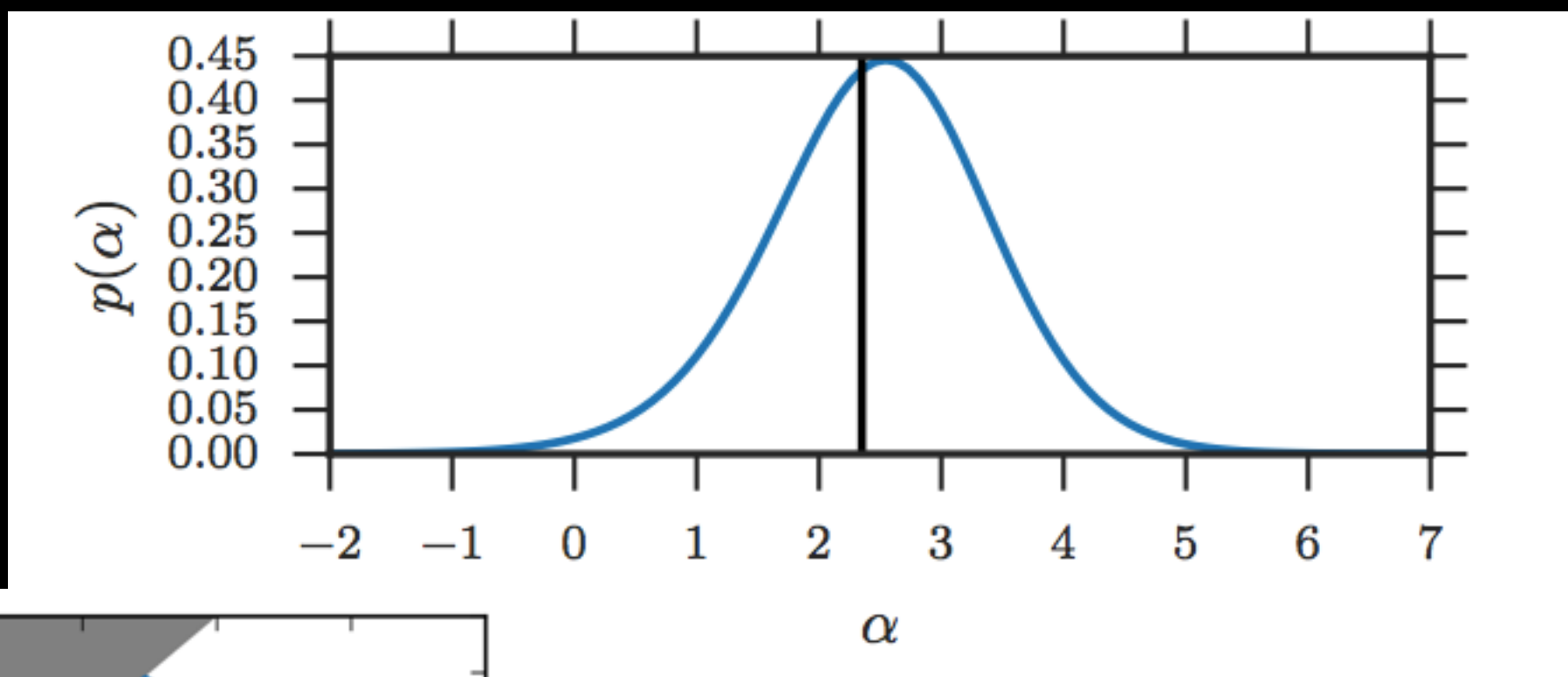
Mandel, Farr, Gair, in prep.

- [Counting and confusion — Farr, Gair, Mandel, Cutler, 2015]

Population Reconstruction



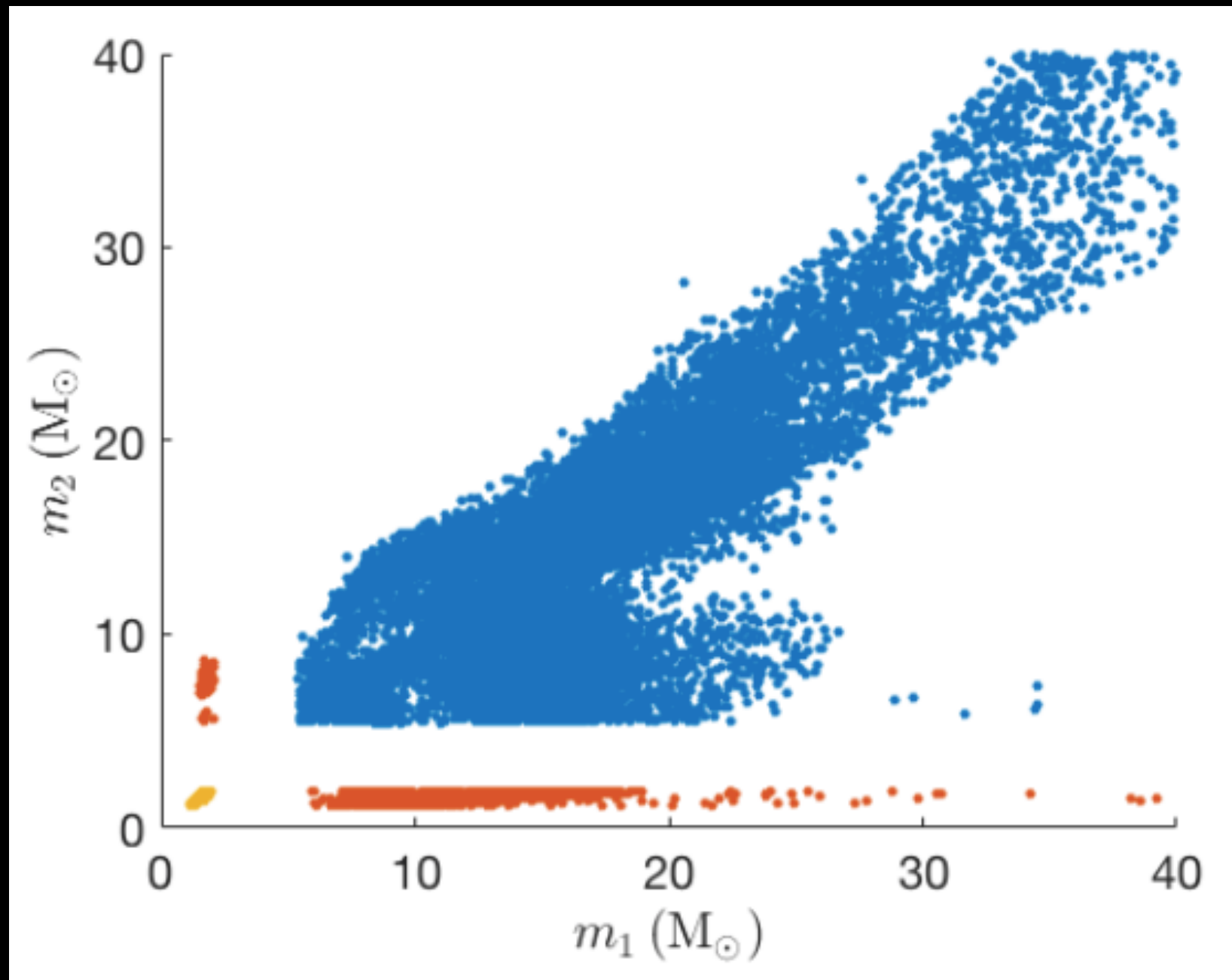
$$p(m_1) \propto m_1^{-\alpha} \quad \text{flat } q$$



Abbott+ (LVC), 2016

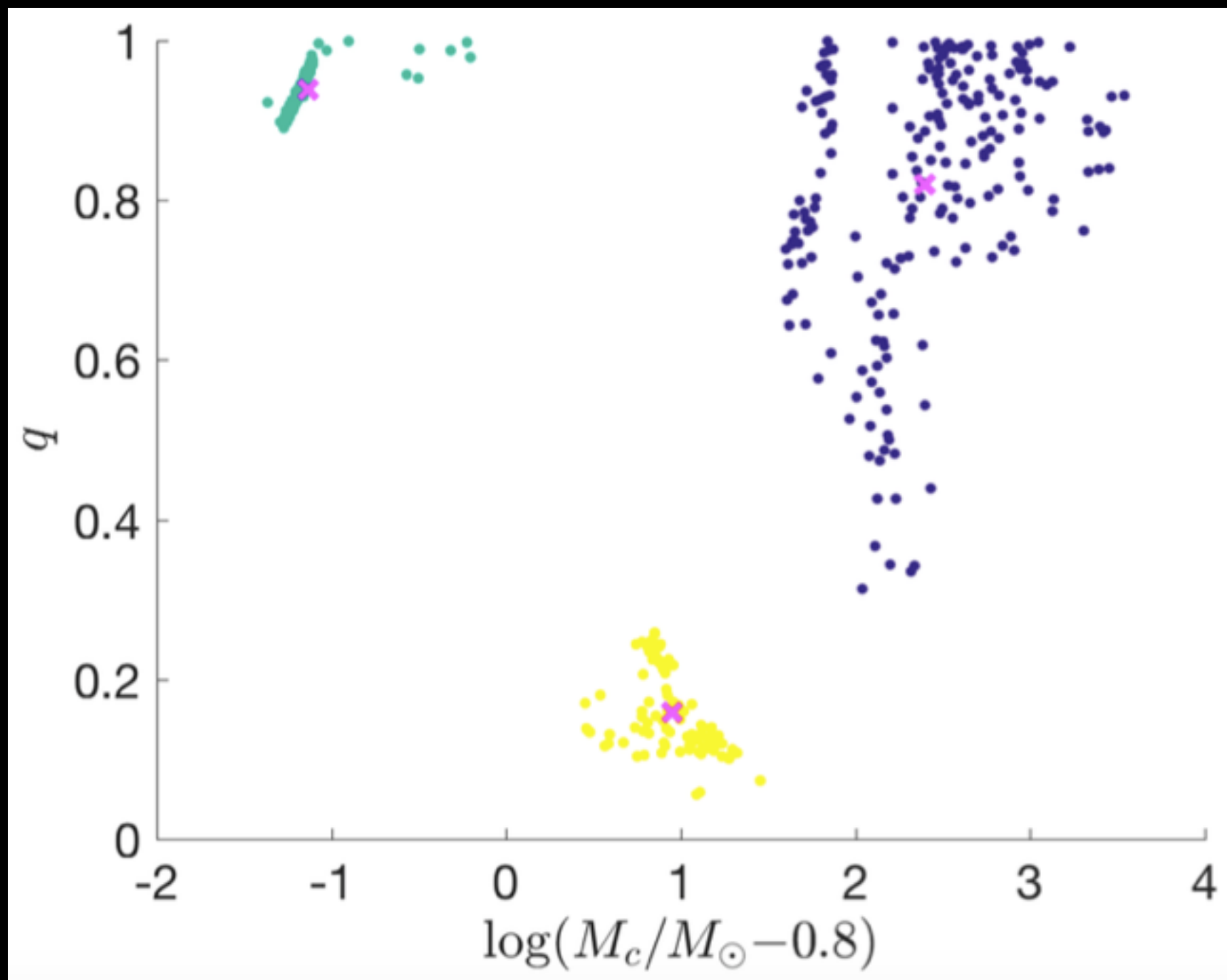
$$h(f) \sim M^{5/6} \Rightarrow V \sim M^{2.5}$$

Unmodeled Inference: Binary population clustering

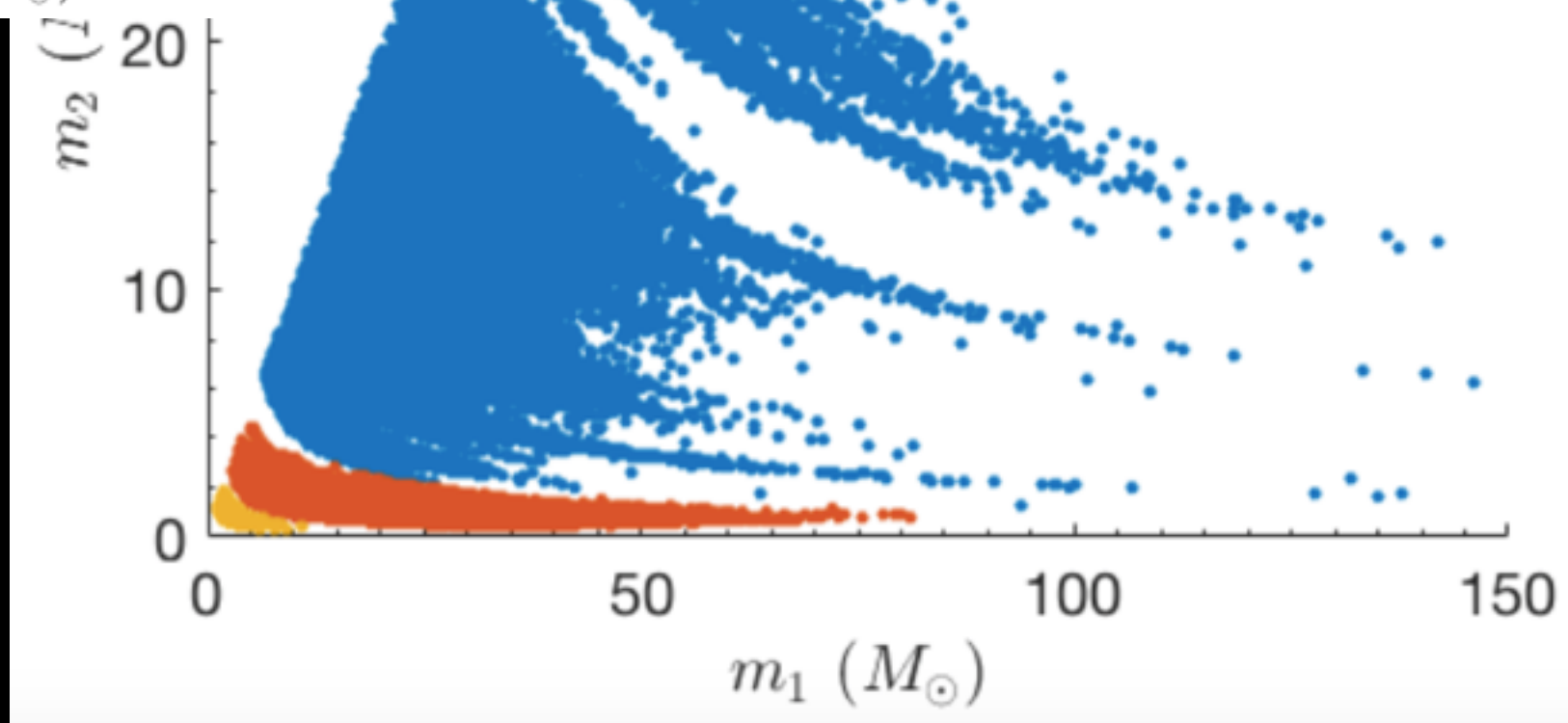
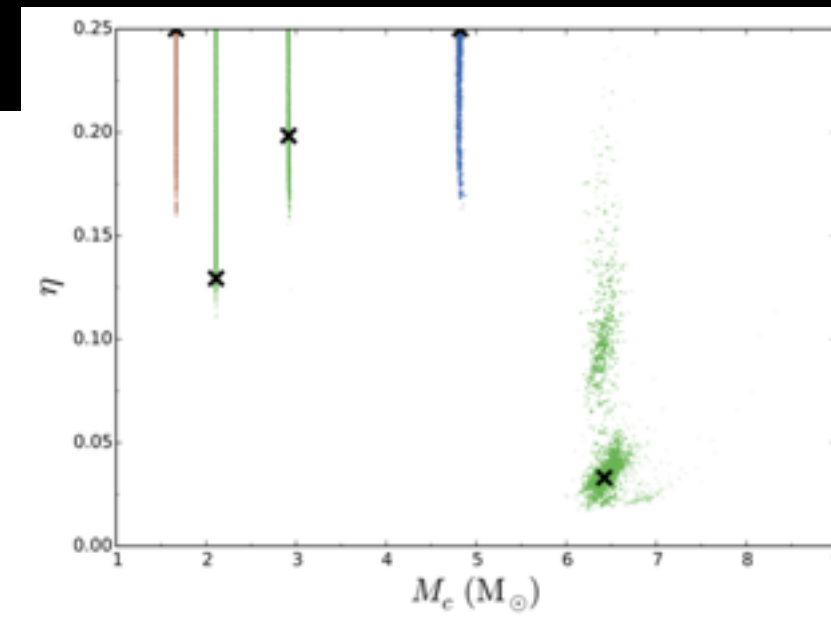
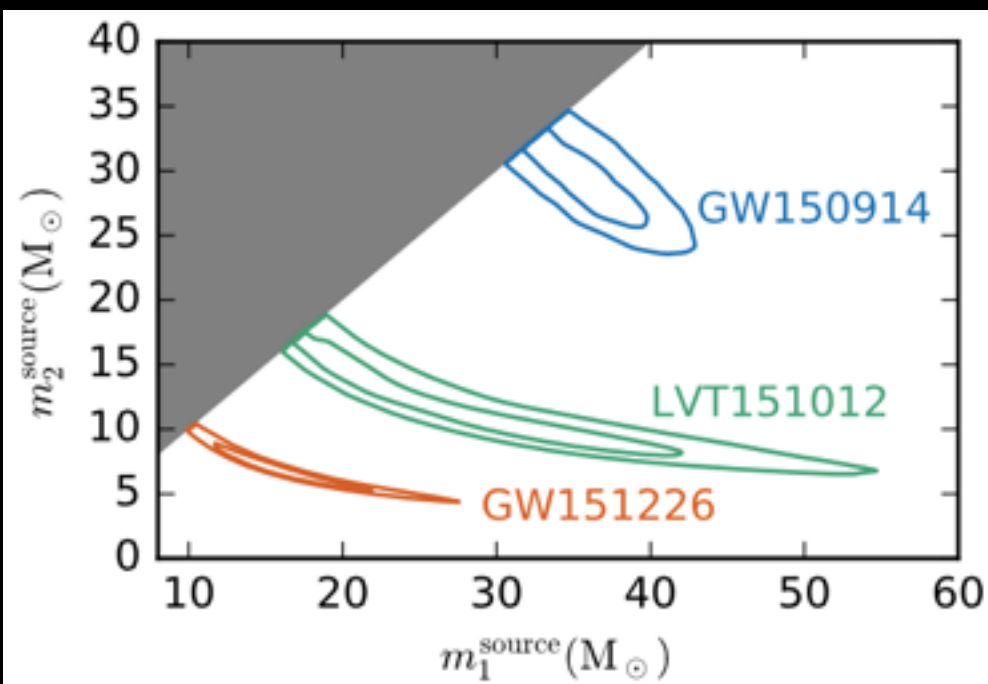


[Mandel et al., 2015; Dominik et al., 2015; Stevenson et al., 2016]

K-means clustering on perfect measurements



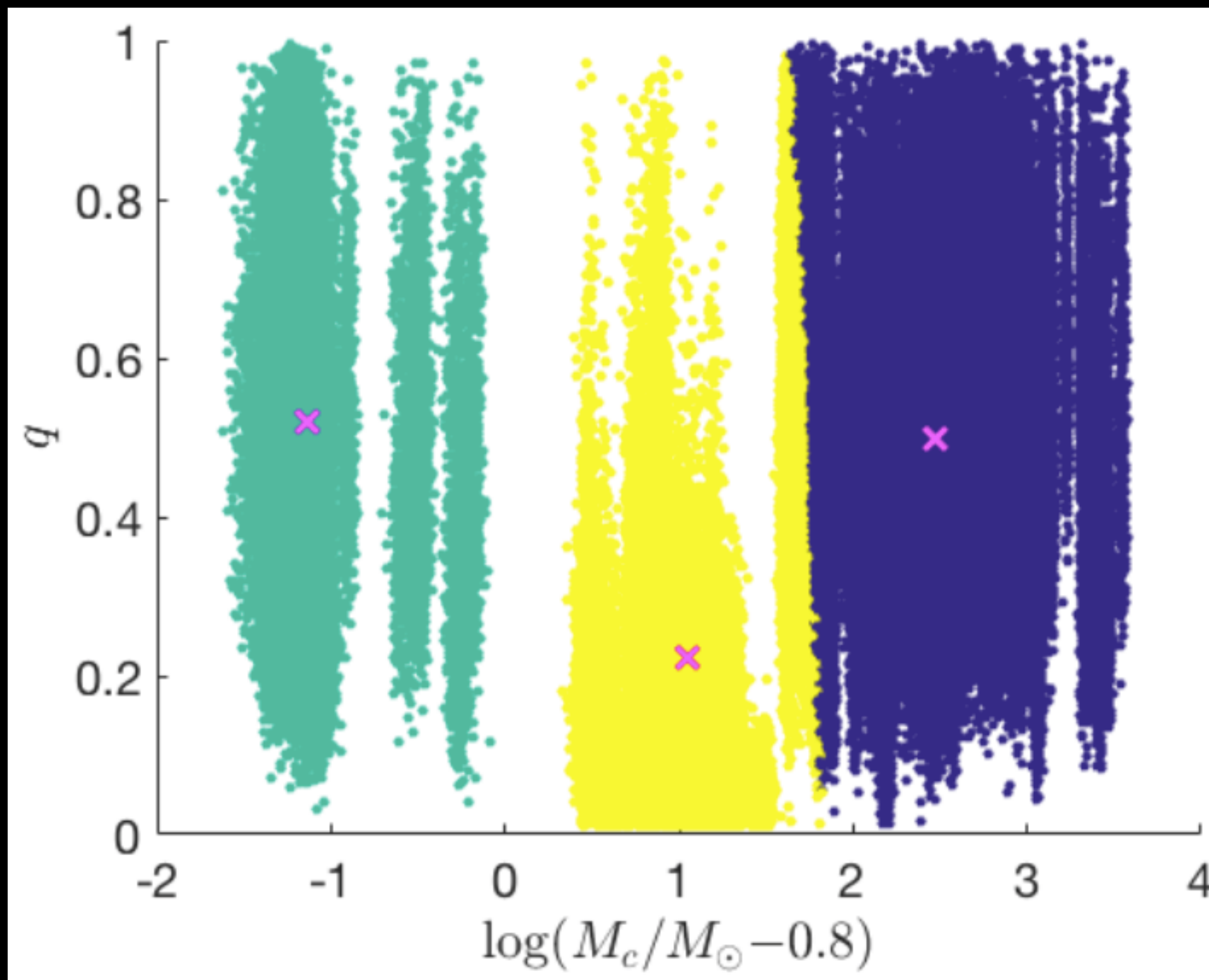
Measurement uncertainty



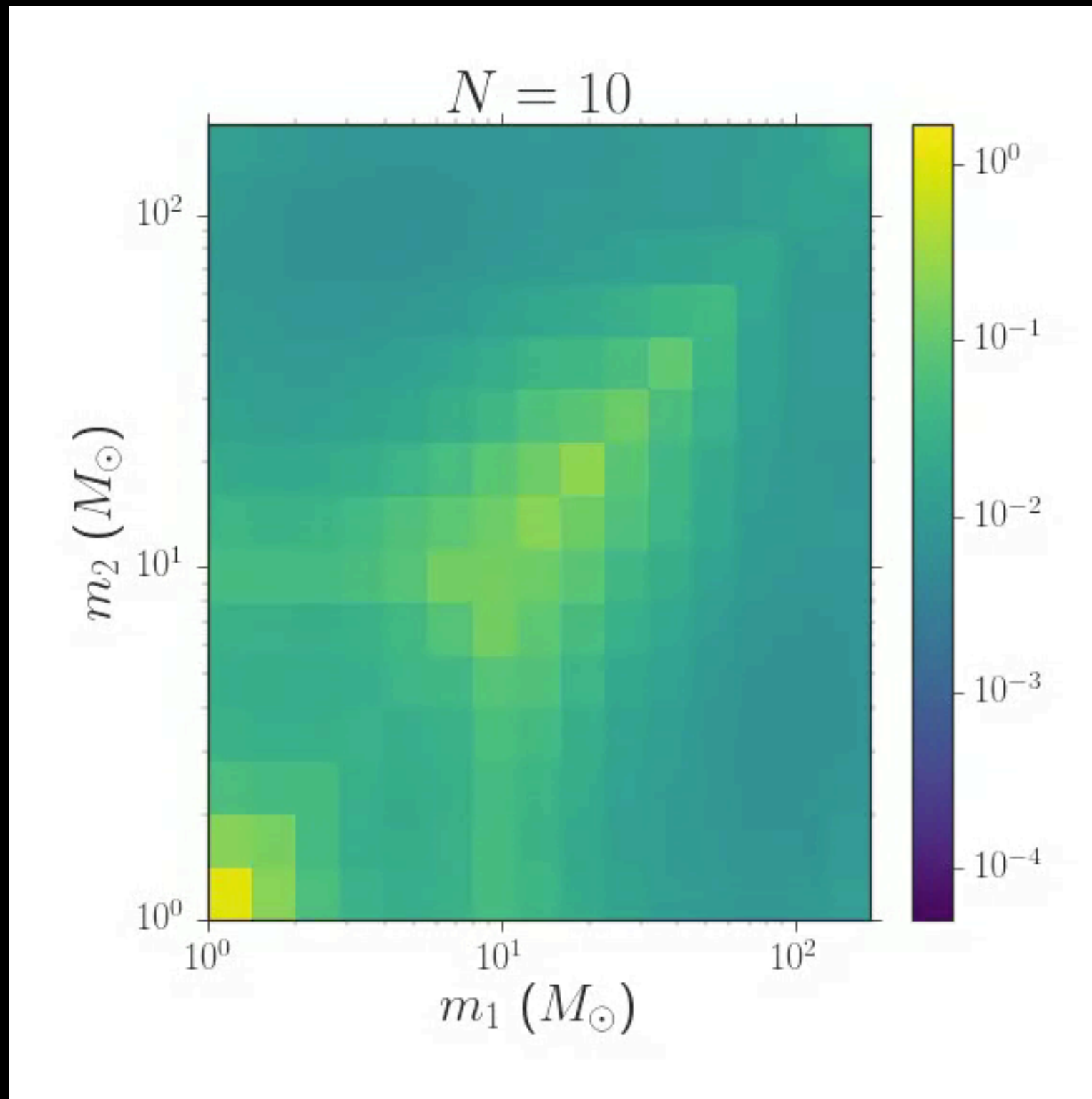
[Abbott et al., 2016; Mandel et al., 2015; see also Littenberg et al., 2015]

Unmodeled Inference

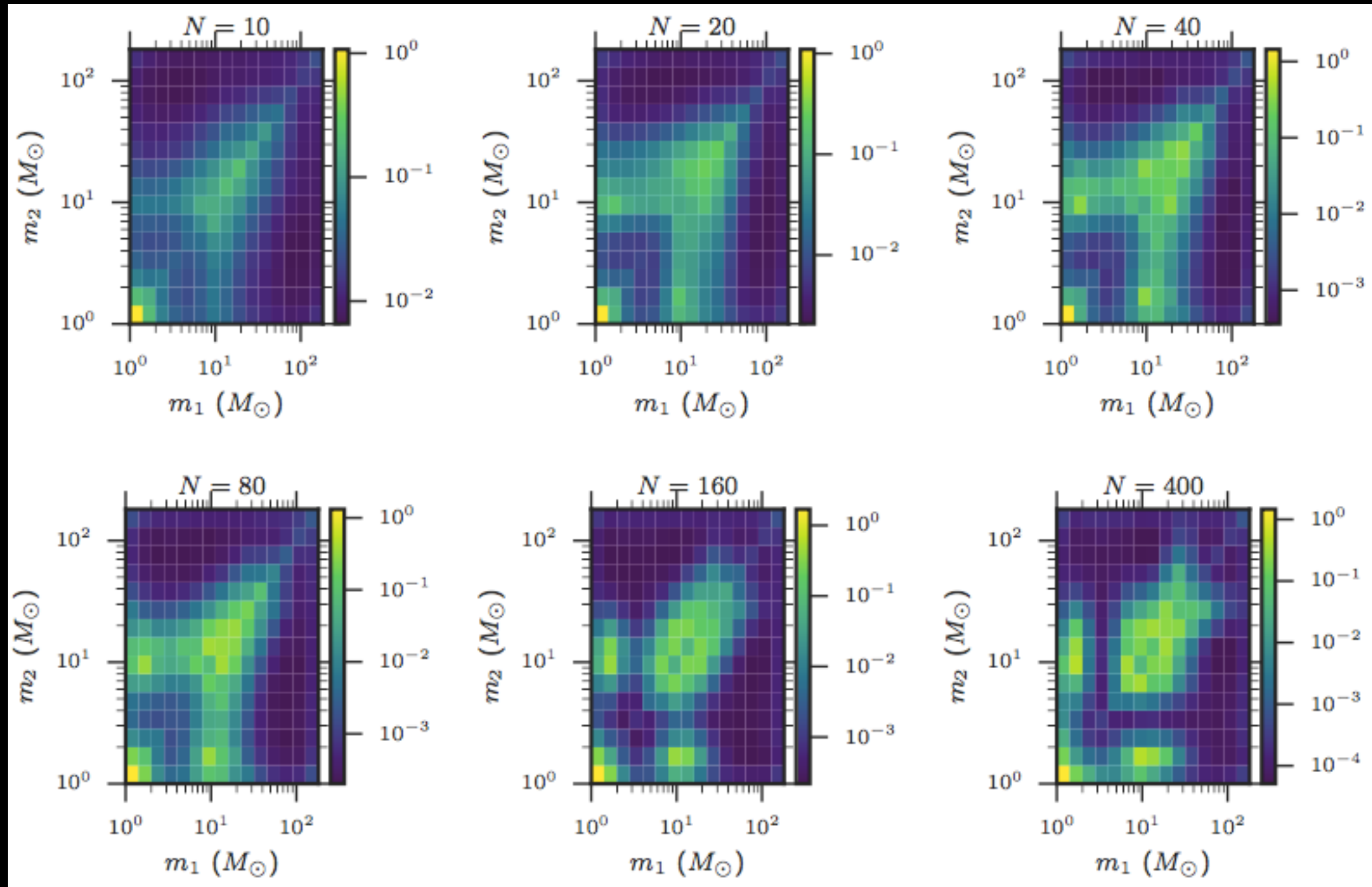
Clustering on opened bags of posterior samples



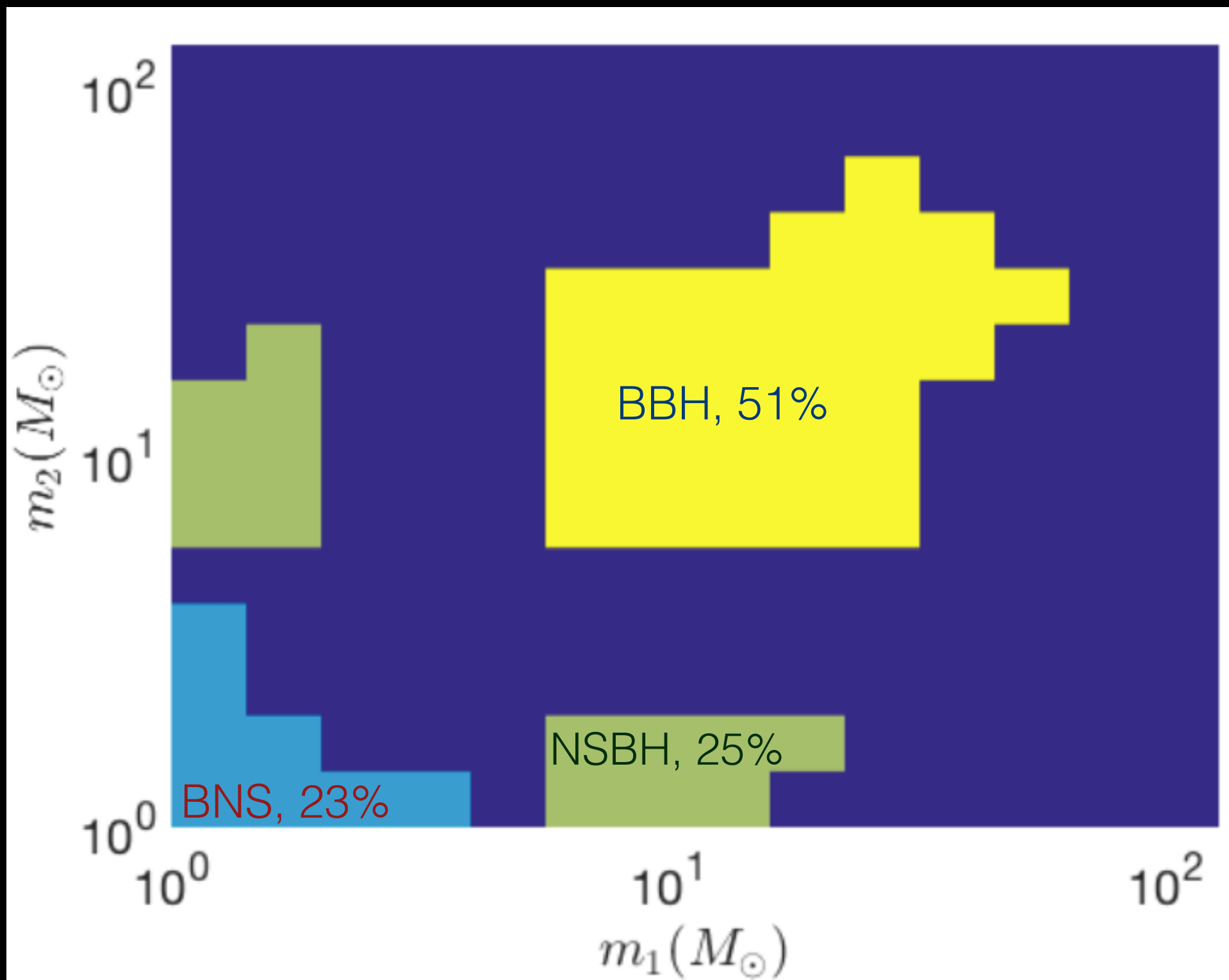
Mean inferred bin density



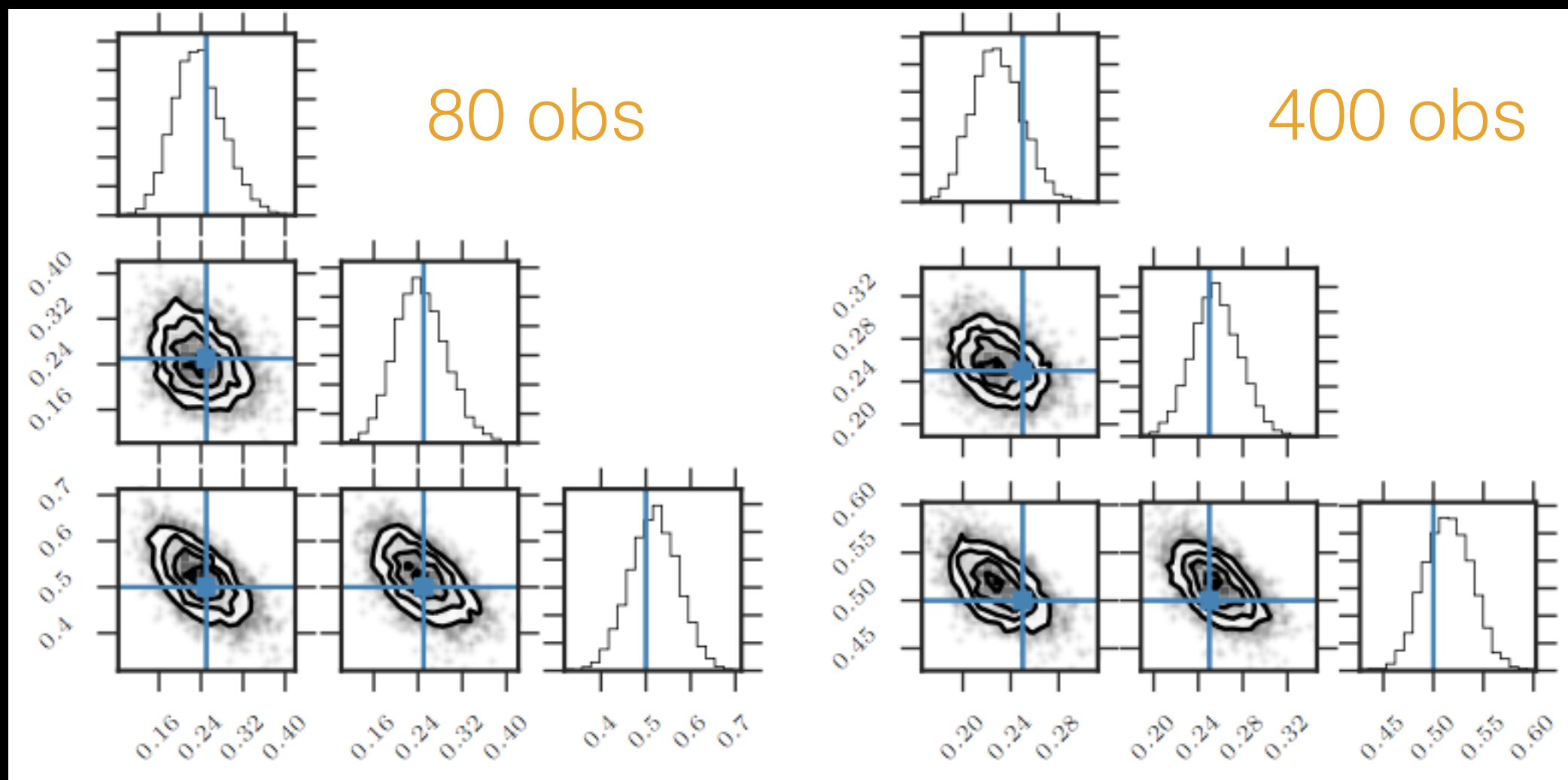
Mean inferred bin density



Water filling on mean density



Unmodeled Inference



Future



- Bring together modelling and astrostatistics
- Figure out what questions we can realistically answer... and answer them!
- Use full observation set — concordance binary evolution?

